Black Cat Syndicate Limited ("Black Cat" or "the Company") is pleased to provide an update on drilling activities at the 100% owned Paulsens Gold Operation ("Paulsens").

# HIGHLIGHTS

- Ongoing underground diamond drilling at Paulsens continues to target both Resource growth and near-mine production optimisation. Recent significant intercepts in the Gabbro Veins and Main Zone include:
  - 0.88m @ 93.20g/t Au from 11.12m (25PGOGC060 Main Zone)
  - 2.50m @ 32.11g/t Au from 37.00m (25PGOGC058 Main Zone) .
  - 0.99m @ 25.73g/t Au from 57.86m (25PGOGC054 Main Zone)
  - 1.70m @ 37.62g/t Au from 11.00m (25PGOGC062 Gabbro Veins)
  - 1.26m @ 29.89g/t Au from 15.74m (25PGOGC021 Gabbro Veins)
  - 1.00m @ 28.30g/t Au from 51.00m (25PGOGC030 Gabbro Veins) and
  - 0.75m @ 23.20g/t Au from 74.73m and 1.90m @ 27.49g/t Au from 137.00m (25PGOGC036A Gabbro Veins)
- The Gabbro Veins remain unmined to date. Multiple jumbo development drives are underway on various levels to establish access and enable future production from these areas. The Main Zone, which supported historical production, also contains mineralisation yet to be mined.
- Drilling focusing in the Hangingwall Zone is underway, located down-plunge of the historical Galileo workings. Assays are expected in September 2025. This program is targeting an area down-plunge of an historical intercept of:

13.10m @ 26.51g/t Au<sup>1</sup>

Paulsens West - Surface drilling of the Paulsens West Seismic Target<sup>2</sup> will commence in August 2025. The drilling is targeting a zone potentially analogous to the structure hosting the high-grade Main Zone.



Figure 1: Core photo of 25PGOGC060 showing the intercept of 0.88m @ 93.20g/t Au (from 11.12m) within the Main Zone.

Black Cat's Managing Director, Gareth Solly, said:

"We are very encouraged by the ongoing success of our drilling at Paulsens. These results are supporting production in highly prospective zones like the Hangingwall and Gabbro Veins, as well as the Main Zone.

With development drives advancing, stoping stepping up and assays pending, we are building momentum as part of our more gold, sooner strategy."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> ASX: BC8 31 October 2023 <sup>2</sup> ASX: BC8 24 October 2024

# BACKGROUND

Underground drilling at Paulsens is ongoing and 113 holes (16,477m) have been drilled to date. Recently, the program has focussed on infilling the Gabbro Veins in the footwall of the mine and on expanding Resources in the middle portion of the Main Zone. Current drilling is targeting Resource growth in the Hangingwall Zone, down plunge from the Galileo lode.

Recent significant results from the Gabbro Veins and Main Zone drilling programs include:

- 0.88m @ 93.20g/t Au from 11.12m (25PGOGC060 Main Zone)
- 2.50m @ 32.11g/t Au from 37.00m (25PGOGC058 Main Zone)
- 1.11m @ 15.89g/t Au from 20.15m (25PGOGC056 Main Zone)
- 0.99m @ 25.73g/t Au from 57.86m (25PGOGC054 Main Zone)
- 1.70m @ 37.62g/t Au from 11.00m (25PGOGC062 Gabbro Veins)
- 1.26m @ 29.89g/t Au from 15.74m (25PGOGC021 Gabbro Veins)
- **1.00m @ 28.30g/t Au** from 51.00m (25PGOGC030 Gabbro Veins)
- 0.75m @ 23.20g/t Au from 74.73m and 1.90m @ 27.49g/t Au from 137.00m (25PGOGC036A Gabbro Veins)

These results are consistent with recently reported drilling results from the Gabbro Veins<sup>3</sup>, which included:

- 1.22m @ 11.96g/t from 14.92m and 5.35m @ 4.03g/t Au from 100.25m (25PGOGC001)
- 3.55m @ 13.21g/t Au from 181.45m (25PGOGC002)
- 1.11m @ 12.02g/t Au from 85.82m (25PGOGC003)
- 0.25m @ 96.50g/t Au from 67.64m and 4.63m @ 4.67g/t Au from 188.37m (25PGOGC004)
- 0.27m @ 58.10g/t Au from 67.73m (25PGOGC006)
- 1.05m @ 36.04g/t Au from 114.95m (25PGOGC011)
- **1.55m @ 34.16g/t Au** from 61.45m (25PGOGC018)
- 0.50m @ 122.00g/t Au from 113.28 (25PGGC021A)
- 3.16m @ 8.75g/t Au from 170.38m (25PGGC024)
- 3.00m @ 7.50g/t Au from 161.00m (25PGGC027)
- 1.17m @ 13.28g/t Au from 41.00m and 4.01m @ 6.72g/t Au from 71.00m (25PGGC032)

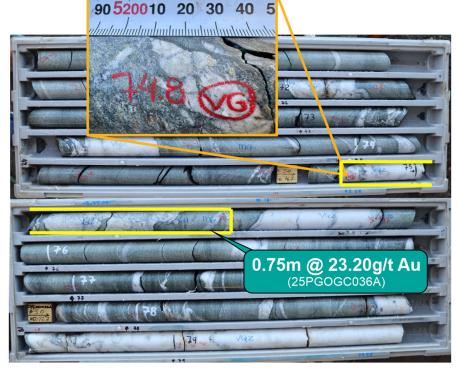


Figure 2: Core photo of 25PGOGC026A showing the interval with logged visible gold highlighted at 74.8m depth<sup>4</sup>. The assay result for the interval with visible gold is highlighted.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> ASX: BC8 29 May 2025, 30 June 2025 <sup>4</sup> ASX: BC8 30 May 2025

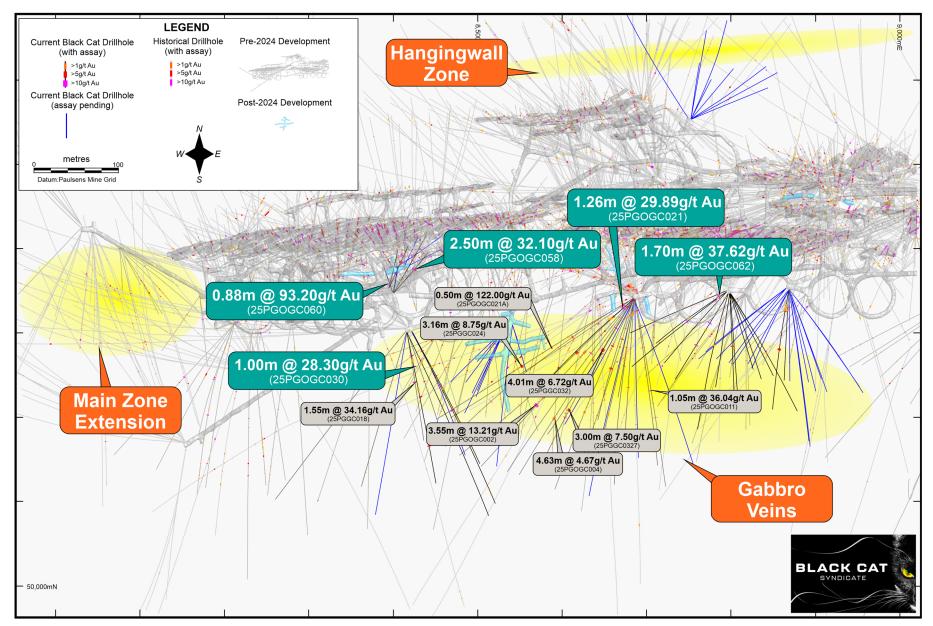


Figure 3: Plan view showing the current underground drilling in the lower part of the mine with recent significant results and current development. Historical drill intercepts are also shown<sup>5</sup>.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> ASX: BC8 31 October 2023, 29 May 2025, 30 June 2025

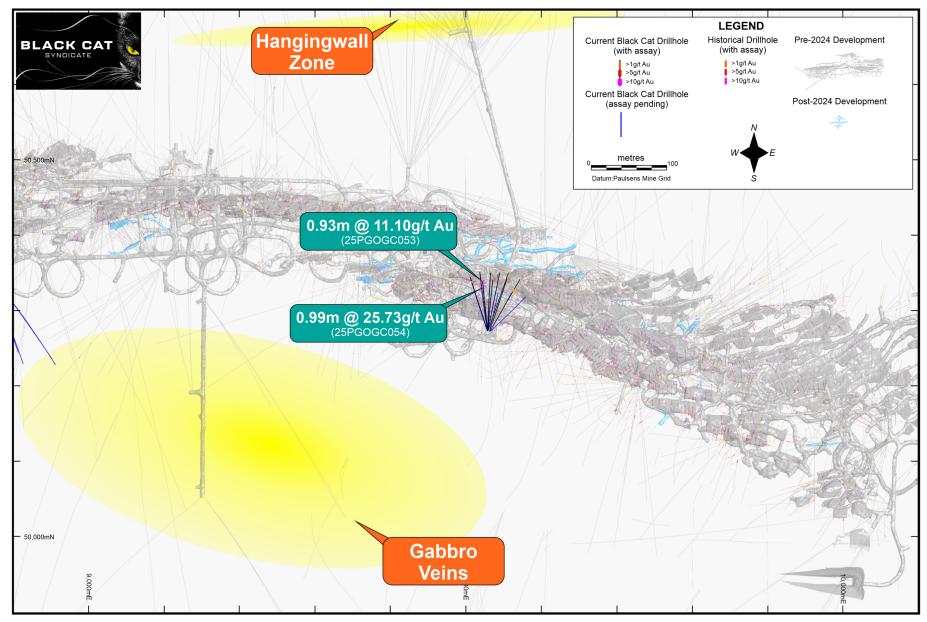


Figure 4: Plan view showing the current drilling in the upper part of the mine with recent significant results and current development. Historical drill intercepts are also shown<sup>6</sup>.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> ASX: BC8 31 October 2023, 29 May 2025, 30 June 2025

# PLANNED ACTIVITIES

The following drilling and exploration activities are planned at Paulsens over the coming months:

Ongoing	Paulsens underground drilling
Ongoing	Paulsens regional exploration
4 <sup>th</sup> - 6 <sup>th</sup> Aug 2025	Diggers and Dealers Forum Kalgoorlie
Aug - Oct 2025	Paulsens West Seismic target surface drilling (EIS Co-funded)
Aug - Oct 2025	Mt Clement Eastern Zone antimony diamond drilling (EIS Co-funded)
Aug - Sept 2025	Ashburton MT survey (Co-funded Geophysics Programme supported)

For further information, please contact:

Gareth Solly Managing Director +61 458 007 713 admin@bc8.com.au

This announcement has been approved for release by the Board of Black Cat Syndicate Limited.

### COMPETENT PERSON'S STATEMENT

The information in this announcement that relates to geology, exploration results (including visual observations) and planning was compiled by Dr. Wesley Groome, RPGeo, who is a Registered Professional Geoscientist (Mineral Exploration) in the AIG and an employee, shareholder and option holder of the Company. Dr. Groome has sufficient experience which is relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposit under consideration and to the activity being undertaken to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2012 Edition of the 'Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves'. Dr. Groome consents to the inclusion in the report of the matters based on the information in the form and context in which it appears.

The Company confirms that it is not aware of any new information or data that materially affects the information in the original reports, and that the form and context in which the Competent Person's findings are presented have not been materially modified from the original reports.

Where the Company refers to the exploration results, Mineral Resources, and Reserves in this report (referencing previous releases made to the ASX), it confirms that it is not aware of any new information or data that materially affects the information included in that announcement and all material assumptions and technical parameters underpinning the Mineral Resource and Reserve estimates with that announcement continue to apply and have not materially changed.

The Company confirms that all material assumptions underpinning the production targets, or the forecast information derived from the production targets, included in the original ASX announcements dated, 8 May 2024, 9 May 2024 and 15 May 2024 continue to apply and have not materially changed.

# TABLE 1: DRILL HOLE LOCATIONS – PAULSENS GOLD OPERATION

		Underground E			Azimuth				Downhole -	-	
Hole ID	Local East	Local North	RL Local	Dip	Azimuth Local	End of Hole (m)	From (m)	To (m)	Interval (m)	Au Grade (g	
25PGOGC005	8685	50340	425	-6	208	53.40			Assays Pending		
25PGOGC005A	8685	50340	425	-6	208	170.40			Assays Pending		
25PGOGC008	8686	50340	425	-21	193	254.00			Assays Pending		
25PGOGC010	8686	50340	425	-3	180	188.35			Assays Pending		
25PGOGC012	8686	50340	425	-4	171	224.60			Assays Pending		
25PGOGC013	8687	50340	426	3	157	209.60			Assays Pending		
25PGOGC014	8416	50301	325	-45	220	284.60			Assays Pending		
25PGOGC015	8416	50301	325	-35	220	306.00			Assays Pending		
25PGOGC017	8416	50301	325	-18	190	230.40			No significant		
25PGOGC020	8685	50341	425	-28	230	353.50			Results Assays Pending		
25PGOGC021	8685	50341	425	-21	230	152.50	15.74	17.00	1.26	29.89	
							35.47	40.10	4.63	2.43	
							61.00	61.50	0.50	1.16	
							109.00	111.00	2.00	1.90	
25PGOGC023	8686	50340	424	-32	230	377.60			Assays Pending		
25PGOGC030	8416	50301	325	-37	169	221.70	34.50	35.23	0.73	10.70	
	2 <b>d</b>						40.00	44.00	4.00	2.16	
							51.00	52.00	1.00	28.30	
							74.94	75.45	0.51	2.26	
							85.00	88.00	3.00	1.56	
							90.00	90.85	0.85	1.88	
							163.73	164.65	0.92	2.39	
							167.70	169.10	1.40	5.81	
							179.72	180.44	0.72	1.93	
25PGOGC031	8416	50301	325	-22	154	280.00	33.45	35.00	1.55	2.82	
251 0000001	0410	50501	525	-22	104	200.00	42.20	44.00	1.80	4.13	
							143.98	144.63	0.65	16.90	
							145.96	144.05	0.54	1.19	
							158.40	158.93	0.53	2.64	
							200.00	200.51	0.53	2.04	
25PGOGC035	8418	50380	223	28	65	50.00	200.00	200.51	Assays Pending	2.40	
5PGOGC035A	8422	50303	324	-8	152	171.00					
25PGOGC035A	8402	50303	222	-0	58	70.00			Assays Pending		
25PGOGC036A	8422	50303	324	16	152	236.40	27.45	28.19	Assays Pending 0.74	9.77	
JF GOGCUJUA	0422	50505	524	10	152	230.40	50.10	50.90	0.80	2.45	
							62.43	62.94	0.51	4.04	
								67.00		4.04	
							66.25		0.75		
							74.73	75.48	0.75	23.20	
							109.48	110.73	1.25	10.11	
							122.00	123.00	1.00	1.86	
							137.00	138.90	1.90	27.49	
							216.00	217.00	1.00	3.86	
	0.110	5000 -	000			05.15	223.73	224.50	0.77	2.31	
25PGOGC039	8413	50381	223	4	25	35.12		<b>e</b> : -	Assays Pending	-	
25PGOGC043	8422	50303	324	-10	150	179.40	61.00	61.55	0.55	5.08	
							78.00	79.99	1.99	1.36	
							105.18	106.06	0.88	4.80	
							123.40	124.10	0.70	3.64	
							129.29	130.00	0.71	1.50	
							164.50	165.00	0.50	2.66	
25PGOGC044	9532	50272	812	23	48	71.40			Assays Pending		
25PGOGC045	9532	50272	812	24	31	63.00			Assays Pending		
25PGOGC046	9532	50272	810	5	30	79.40	60.00	64.20	4.20	1.68	
25PGOGC047	9532	50272	810	6	20	72.20			No significant Results		
25PGOGC048	9532	50272	810	-10	19	83.70	71.20	71.80	0.60	4.47	

Hole ID	Local East	Local North	RL	Dip	Azimuth	End of Hole (m)	From (m)	To (m)	Interval (m)	Au Grade (g
25PGOGC049	9532	50272	812	25	14	57.60			Assays Pending	
25PGOGC050	9530	50273	810	-10	12	80.60			No significant Results	
25PGOGC051	9530	50273	810	7	5	69.00			No significant	
25PGOGC052	9530	50273	810	-9	2	80.00	78.60	79.21	Results 0.61	1.65
25PGOGC052	9530	50273	810	-3	352	67.00	40.80	41.46	0.66	1.03
23F 8080033	9000	50275	010	I	552	07.00	62.45	63.00	0.55	10.90
							66.00	66.93	0.93	11.10
25PGOGC054	9530	50273	810	-11	351	80.70	57.86	58.85	0.99	25.73
25PGOGC054	8395	50354	242	20	15	50.06	13.00	14.00	1.00	3.34
23FGOGC035	6395	50554	242	20	15	50.00		31.87	0.71	2.64
							31.16 38.35	39.08	0.71	3.73
25PGOGC056	8395	50354	242	19	25	59 10	20.15	21.26		15.89
25PGUGC056	0393	50354	242	19	25	58.10			1.11	
							34.00	37.00	3.00	7.29
							43.68	45.00	1.32	7.02
25PGOGC057	8401	50348	243	16	31	80.40	16.62	18.54	1.92	1.08
							45.54	46.20	0.66	8.56
25PGOGC058	8401	50348	242	15	42	65.00	37.00	39.50	2.50	32.11
25PGOGC059	8401	50348	242	4	42	56.40	34.00	35.00	1.00	1.49
							37.14	39.00	1.86	3.23
25PGOGC060	8400	50349	240	-28	340	35.00	11.12	12.00	0.88	93.20
25PGOGC061	8405	50352	243	-25	10	35.00			No significant Results	
25PGOGC062	8796	50350	461	21	236	111.84	11.00	12.70	1.70	37.62
							14.00	14.82	0.82	2.03
							18.43	18.93	0.50	12.60
							58.00	60.00	2.00	1.47
25PGOGC063	8798	50348	461	21	197	175.37	37.90	39.00	1.10	3.02
							58.00	59.00	1.00	1.16
							66.80	68.92	2.12	1.78
							79.49	80.21	0.72	1.85
							98.00	99.00	1.00	1.62
25PGOGC064	8799	50348	461	20	177	143.60	42.10	43.00	0.90	1.28
			-	-			66.00	66.86	0.86	5.10
25PGOGC065	8799	50348	462	33	162	111.90			No significant	
							40.00	40.00	Results	
25PGOGC066	8800	50347	461	18	156	112.50	42.00	42.80	0.80	1.84
							52.00	53.00	1.00	1.02
							76.57	77.12	0.55	4.19
25PGOGC067	8800	50348	460	5	151	110.60			No significant Results	
25PGOGC068	8800	50348	461	19	147	53.30			No significant Results	
25PGOGC068A	8800	50348	461	19	147	170.40	88.18	89.31	1.13	3.31
25PGOGC069	8799	50348	462	34	188	134.40	35.00	36.00	1.00	1.28
25PGOGC070	8800	50348	460	5	175	134.50	7.00	8.00	1.00	1.50
							65.00	66.00	1.00	1.17
							90.35	91.00	0.65	1.39
							110.73	111.56	0.83	2.68
25PGOGC071	8798	50348	461	18	212	125.40	6.00	7.00	1.00	2.21
			-	-	•		22.21	23.00	0.79	1.56
							43.18	44.00	0.82	14.80
							53.00	54.50	1.50	1.66
							75.27	76.14	0.87	20.20
							81.66	82.92	1.26	20.20
250000070	9706	50254	161	17	047	120 60				
25PGOGC072	8796	50351	461	17	247	130.60	23.00	24.00	1.00	2.65
	0505	F0070	0.10	-	<u></u>	75.45	42.38	42.93	0.55	2.93
25PGOGC073	9530	50273	810	5	340	75.10	67.00	69.00	2.00	2.18
25PGOGC074	8869	50352	497	15	221	116.10			Assays Pending	
25PGOGC075	8869	50352	497	25	211	110.00			Assays Pending	
050000070	8869	50352	497	15	208	107.10			Assays Pending	
25PGOGC076 25PGOGC077	8869	50352	497	13	190	147.00	18.00	21.78	3.78	4.28

Hole ID	Local East	Local North	RL	Dip	Azimuth	End of Hole (m)	From (m)	To (m)	Interval (m)	Au Grade (g/t
							67.26	68.66	1.40	2.31
							72.30	74.40	2.10	5.21
25PGOGC078	8869	50352	497	2	183	107.50	15.00	16.00	1.00	2.52
							19.00	20.00	1.00	4.08
							23.69	25.31	1.62	2.17
25PGOGC079	8869	50352	497	25	179	119.00			Assays Pending	
25PGOGC080	8869	50352	497	-8	172	182.70			Assays Pending	
25PGOGC081	8869	50352	497	5	172	188.60			Assays Pending	
25PGOGC082	8869	50352	497	17	166	116.60			Assays Pending	
25PGOGC083	8869	50352	497	26	164	137.40			Assays Pending	
25PGOGC085	8869	50352	497	5	159	113.60			Assays Pending	
25PGOGC086	8869	50352	497	18	142	158.08			Assays Pending	
25PGOGC087	8869	50352	497	25	142	157.80			Assays Pending	
25PGOGC088	8866	50353	497	10	232	135.00			Assays Pending	
25PGOGC089	8866	50353	497	19	233	128.27			Assays Pending	
25PGOGC092	8866	50353	497	17	226	123.00			Assays Pending	
25PGOGC093	8866	50353	497	25	219	122.48			Assays Pending	
25PGOGC094	8796	50350	461	9	224	113.30	74.00	75.30	1.30	4.72
25PGOGC095	8796	50350	461	3	234	143.60	10.75	12.43	1.68	4.17
							58.62	59.19	0.57	13.40
							92.21	93.10	0.89	1.24
25PGOGC107	8533	50305	343	28	221	58			Assays Pending	
25PGOGC108	8533	50305	343	-11	227	92.2			Assays Pending	
25PGOGC109	8533	50305	343	-34	217	95.7			Assays Pending	
25PGOGC110	8533	50305	343	24	204	95.7			Assays Pending	
25PGOGC111	8533	50305	343	-12	206	113.6			Assays Pending	
25PGOGC112	8533	50305	343	-26	208	95.7			Assays Pending	
25PGOGC113	8533	50305	343	-36	206	98.7			Assays Pending	
25PGOGC116	8541	50310	343	-16	188	175			Assays Pending	
25PGOGC118	8541	50310	343	22	164	61.97			Assays Pending	
25PGOGC119	8541	50310	343	-2	162	20			Assays Pending	
25PGOGC121	8753	50554	412	23	62	125			Assays Pending	
25PGOGC122	8753	50554	412	9	56	110			Assays Pending	
25PGOGC123	8753	50554	412	30	26	140			Assays Pending	
25PGOGC124	8753	50554	412	15	11	110			Assays Pending	
25PGOGC128	8753	50554	412	38	67	126			Assays Pending	
25PGOGC129	8753	50554	412	50	40	120			Assays Pending	
25PGOGC130	8753	50554	412	45	27	75			Assays Pending	
25PGOGC131	8753	50554	412	48	10	99			Assays Pending	
25PGOGC134	8749	50556	414	17	327	186.9			Assays Pending	

\*Significant intercepts calculated using 1g/t Au minimum cut-off grade with a minimum composite length of 0.2m and 1m internal waste.

Note positive dip points downward

# ABOUT BLACK CAT SYNDICATE (ASX: BC8)

Black Cat is a gold producer with operating mines and processing facilities at two of its three 100% owned operations. Gold production occurs at:

**Kal East:** comprising ~650km<sup>2</sup> of highly prospective ground to the east of the world class mining centre of Kalgoorlie, WA. Kal East contains a Resource of 18.8Mt @ 2.1g/t Au for 1,294koz, including a preliminary JORC 2012 Reserve of 3.7Mt @ 2.0 g/t Au for 243koz. A turn-key funding, development & processing arrangement to mine and mill the Myhree and Boundary open pit deposits is underway<sup>7</sup>. Black Cat 100% owns and operates the 1.2Mtpa Lakewood gold processing facility, located ~6km east of Kalgoorlie.

**Paulsens:** comprising ~3,200km<sup>2</sup> of tenure located ~180km west of Paraburdoo in WA. Paulsens is an operational underground mine, with a 450ktpa processing facility, 128-person camp and other related infrastructure. Gold production restarted in December 2024 and will move to full production during 2025. Paulsens has a regional Resource of 4.3Mt @ 4.0g/t Au for 548koz and significant exploration and growth potential.

The Company has significant regional exploration potential at both Paulsens and Kal East. In addition, the Company has two major organic growth projects at:

**Coyote:** comprising 1,050km<sup>2</sup> prospective tenements located in Northern Australia, ~20km on the WA side of the WA/NT border, on the Tanami Highway. Coyote has substantial infrastructure including an airstrip, underground mine, 300ktpa processing facility, +180-person camp and other related infrastructure. The operation has a Resource of 3.7Mt @ 5.5g/t Au for 645koz with numerous high-grade targets in the surrounding area. Operations are planned to restart in the future.

**Mt Clement:** is located 30 km from the Paulsens Gold Operation and is currently the 4<sup>th</sup> largest antimony deposit in Australia. Significant upside potential for growth of the antimony Resource exists with the Company actively exploring the region.

# Coyote Gold Operation

- Landholding ~1,050sqkm
- Gold Resources: 3.7Mt @ 5.5g/t for 645koz
   Mill: 300ktpa only mill in Western Tanami region (expandable);
- operational +180-person camp
   Historical Production: >35kozpa (211koz @ 4.9 g/t)
- C&M, multiple open pits & underground potential

# Paulsens Gold Operation -

- Landholding ~3,190sqkm
- Gold Resources: 4.3Mt @ 4.0g/t for 548koz
- Critical/Base Metals: 14kt Sb, 19kt Pb, 1.6kt Cu, 1.5Moz Ag
- Mill: 450ktpa regionally strategic location; +128-person camp
- Historical Production: ~75kozpa (1,003koz @ 6.9 g/t mined)
- Operational with underground mining ramping up

### Kal East Gold Operation

- Landholding ~650sqkm
- Gold Resources: 18.8Mt @ 2.1g/t for 1,294koz
- Lakewood Processing Facility: operational 1.2Mtpa gold plant
- Historical Production: ~600koz
- · Mining at Myhree and Boundary underway
- Multiple pits and undergrounds to be operational and processing through Lakewood in 2025



7 ASX: BC8 20 May 2024

APPENDIX A - JORC 2012 GOLD RESOURCE TABLE -	BLACK CAT (100% OWNED)
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		Meas	ured Re	source	Indica	Indicated Resource			ed Reso	ource	Total Resource		
Mining	g Centre	Tonnes ('000)	Grade (g/t Au)	Metal ('000 oz)	Tonnes ('000)	Grade (g/t Au)	Metal ('000 oz)	Tonnes ('000)	Grade (g/t Au)	Metal ('000 oz)	Tonnes ('000)	Grade (g/t Au)	Metal ('000 oz)
Kal East													
· · · ·	Myhree/Boundary OP	-	-	-	903	2.7	78	300	1.8	17	1,203	2.5	95
-	Myhree/Boundary UG	-	-	-	230	4.6	34	585	3.8	71	815	4.0	105
Bulong	Other Open Pits	-	-	-	97.5	2.5	7.8	1,079.40	1.8	61.8	1,176.80	1.8	69.6
	Other Underground	-	-	-	-		-	351.6	3.2	35.7	351.6	3.2	35.7
	Sub Total	-	-	-	1,230	3.0	120	2,316	2.5	185	3,546	2.7	305
	Open Pit	13	3.2	1	7,198	1.8	407	6,044	1.5	291	13,253	1.6	699
/It Monger	Underground	-	-	-	1,178	4.5	169	710	4.6	104	1,888	4.5	274
	Sub Total	-	-	-	8,375	2.1	576	6,754	1.8	395	15,142	2.0	972
Rowes Find	Open Pit	-	-	-	-	-	-	148	3.6	17	148	3.6	17
Kal East Resource		13	3.2	1	9,605	2.3	696	9,219	2.0	597	18,836	2.1	1,294
Coyote Gold Op	eration												
	Open Pit	-	-	-	608	2.8	55	203	3.0	19	811	2.9	75
- Coyote Central	Underground	-	-	-	240	23.4	181	516	10.5	175	757	14.6	356
	Sub Total	-	-	-	849	8.7	236	719	8.4	194	1,568	8.5	430
	Open Pit	-	-	-	560	2.8	51	613	3.2	63	1,174	3.0	114
Sald Hill	Underground	-	-	-	34	2.7	3	513	5.0	82	547	4.8	84
-	Sub Total	-	-	-	594	2.8	54	1,126	4.0	145	1,721	3.6	198
Stockpiles		-	-	-	375	1.4	17	-	-	-	375	1.4	17
Coyote Resource		-	-	-	1,818	5.3	307	1,845	5.7	339	3,664	5.5	645
Paulsens Gold (	<u>Operation</u>												
	Underground	159	10.8	55	827	9.6	254	348	8.6	97	1,334	9.5	406
aulsens	Stockpile	11	1.6	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	11	1.6	1
-	Sub Total	170	10.2	56	827	9.6	254	348	8.6	97	1,345	9.4	407
	Open Pit	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,249	1.5	61	1,249	1.5	61
It Clement	Underground	-	-	-	-	-	-	492	0.3	5	492	0.3	5
	Sub Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,741	1.2	66	1,741	1.2	66
Belvedere	Underground	-	-	-	95	5.9	18	44	8.3	12	139	6.6	30
Northern Anticline	Open Pit	-	-	-	-	-	-	523	1.4	24	523	1.4	24
Electric Dingo	Open Pit	-	-	-	98	1.6	5	444	1.2	17	542	1.3	22
Paulsens Resource	9	170	10.2	56	1,019	8.4	277	3,100	2.2	216	4,289	4.0	548
OTAL Resource	9	183	9.7	57	12,442	3.2	1,280	14,164	2.5	1,152	26,789	2.9	2,488

#### Notes on Resources:

The preceding statements of Mineral Resources conforms to the 'Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves (JORC Code) 1. 2012 Edition

All tonnages reported are dry metric tonnes. 2.

3

Data is rounded to thousands of tonnes and thousands of ounces gold. Discrepancies in totals may occur due to rounding. Resources have been reported as both open pit and underground with varying cut-offs based off several factors discussed in the corresponding Table 1 which can be found 4. with the original ASX announcements for each Resource.

Resources are reported inclusive of any Reserves 5.

Paulsens Inferred Resource includes Mt Clement Eastern Zone Au of 7koz @ 0.3g/t Au accounting for lower grades reported. 6.

The announcements containing the Table 1 Checklists of Assessment and Reporting Criteria relating for the 2012 JORC compliant Resources are:

### Kal East Gold Project

- Boundary, Trump, Myhree Black Cat ASX announcement on 9 October 2020 "Strong Resource Growth Continues including 53% Increase at Fingals Fortune"
- Strathfield Black Cat ASX announcement on 31 March 2020 "Bulong Resource Jumps by 21% to 294,000 oz"
- Majestic Black Cat ASX announcement on 25 January 2022 "Majestic Resource Growth and Works Approval Granted"

Sovereign, Imperial – Black Cat ASX announcement on 11 March 2021 "1 Million Oz in Resource & New Gold Targets"

- Jones Find Black Cat ASX announcement 04 March 2022 "Resource Growth Continues at Jones Find"
- Crown Black Cat ASX announcement on 02 September 2021 "Maiden Resources Grow Kal East to 1.2Moz"
- Fingals Fortune Black Cat ASX announcement on 23 November 2021 "Upgraded Resource Delivers More Gold at Fingals Fortune"
- Fingals East Black Cat ASX announcement on 31 May 2021 "Strong Resource Growth Continues at Fingals"
- Trojan Black Cat ASX announcement on 7 October 2020 "Black Cat Acquisition adds 115,000oz to the Fingals Gold Project".
- Queen Margaret, Melbourne United Black Cat ASX announcement on 18 February 2019 "Robust Maiden Mineral Resource Estimate at Bulong"
- Anomaly 38 Black Cat ASX announcement on 31 March 2020 "Bulong Resource Jumps by 21% to 294,000 oz
- Wombola Dam Black Cat ASX announcement on 28 May 2020 "Significant Increase in Resources Strategic Transaction with Silver Lake"
- Hammer and Tap, Rowe's Find Black Cat ASX announcement on 10 July 2020 "JORC 2004 Resources Converted to JORC 2012 Resources"

Coyote Gold Operation

- Coyote OP&UG Black Cat ASX announcement on 16 January 2022 "Coyote Underground Resource increases to 356koz @ 14.6g/t Au One of the highest-grade deposits in Australia"
- Sandpiper OP&UG, Kookaburra OP, Pebbles OP, Stockpiles, SP (Coyote) Black Cat ASX announcement on 25 May 2022 "Coyote & Paulsens High-Grade JORC Resources Confirmed'

### Paulsens Gold Operation

- Paulsens UG -- Black Cat ASX announcement on 31 October 2023 "24% Resource Increase, Paulsens Underground 406koz @ 9.5g/t Au"
- Paulsens SP Black Cat ASX announcement on 19 April 2022 "Funded Acquisition of Covote & Paulsens Gold Operations Supporting Documents"
- Belvedere UG Black Cat ASX announcement on 21 November 2023 "Enhanced Restart Plan for Paulsens" •
- Mt Clement Black Cat ASX announcement on 24 November 2022 "High-Grade Au-Cu-Sb-Ag-Pb Resource at Paulsens"
- Merlin, Electric Dingo Black Cat ASX announcement on 25 May 2022 "Coyote & Paulsens High-Grade JORC Resources Confirmed" •

### APPENDIX B - JORC 2012 POLYMETALLIC RESOURCES - BLACK CAT (100% OWNED)

Deposit	Resource	Tonnes	Grade						Contained Metal			
Deposit	Category	(,000 t)	Au (g/t)	Cu (%)	Sb (%)	Ag (g/t)	Pb (%)	Au (koz)	Cu (kt)	Sb (kt)	Ag (koz)	Pb (kt)
Western	Inferred	415	-	0.4	0.2	76.9	-	*	1.6	0.7	1,026	-
western	Total	415	-	0.4	0.2	76.9	-	*	1.6	0.7	1,026	-
Central	Inferred	532	-	-	-	-	-	*	-	-	-	-
Central	Total	532	-	-	-	-	-	*	-	-	-	-
Eastern	Inferred	794	-	-	1.7	17.0	2.4	*	-	13.2	434	18.7
Eastern	Total	794	-	-	1.7	17.0	2.4	*	-	13.2	434	18.7
Total		1,741	-	-	-	-	-	*	1.6	13.9	1,460	18.7

#### Notes on Resources:

The preceding statements of Mineral Resources conforms to the 'Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves (JORC Code) 1. 2012 Edition'

2

All tonnages reported are dry metric tonnes. Data is rounded to thousands of tonnes and thousands of ounces/tonnes for copper, antimony, silver, and lead. Discrepancies in totals may occur due to rounding. 3

Resources have been reported as both open pit and underground with varying cut-offs based off several factors discussed in the corresponding Table 1 which can be found with the original ASX announcements for each Resource. 4.

5 Resources are reported inclusive of any Reserves

Gold is reported in the previous table for Mt Clement, and so is not reported here. A total of 66koz of gold is contained within the Mt Clement Resource. 6.

The announcements containing the Table 1 Checklists of Assessment and Reporting Criteria relating for the 2012 JORC compliant Reserves are:

#### Paulsens Gold Operation

Mt Clement – Black Cat ASX announcement on 24 November 2022 "High-Grade Au-Cu-Sb-Ag-Pb Resource at Paulsens"

### APPENDIX C - JORC 2012 GOLD RESERVE TABLE - BLACK CAT (100% OWNED)

	P	roven Reser	Proven Reserve			rve	Total Reserve			
	Tonnes ('000s)	Grade (g/t Au)	Metal ('000s oz)	Tonnes ('000s)	Grade (g/t Au)	Metal ('000s oz)	Tonnes ('000s)	Grade (g/t Au)	Metal ('000s oz)	
Kal East										
Myhree Open Pit	-	-	-	545	2.4	46	545	2.4	46	
Boundary Open Pit	-	-	-	120	1.5	6	120	1.5	6	
Other Open Pits	-	-	-	2,623	1.7	141	2,584	1.7	142	
Sub total Open Pits	-	-	-	3,288	1.8	193	3,288	1.8	193	
Underground	-	-	-	437	3.6	50	437	3.6	50	
Kal East Reserve	-	-	-	3,725	2.0	243	3,725	2.0	243	
Paulsens Gold Operation	<u>n</u>									
Underground	93	4.5	14	537	4.3	74	631	4.3	87	
Paulsens Reserve	93	4.5	14	537	4.3	74	631	4.3	87	
TOTAL Reserves	93	4.5	14	4,262	2.3	317	4,356	2.4	330	

Notes on Reserve:

The preceding statements of Mineral Reserves conforms to the 'Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves (JORC Code) 2012 1. Edition'

2. All tonnages reported are dry metric tonnes

4. Cut-off Grade:

5

Open Pit - The Ore Reserves are based upon an internal cut-off grade greater than or equal to the break-even cut-off grade.

Underground - The Ore Reserves are based upon an internal cut-off grade greater than the break-even cut-off grade.

- The commodity price used for the Revenue calculations for Kal East was AUD \$2,300 per ounce
- The commodity price used for the Revenue calculations for Paulsens was AUD \$2,500 per ounce. 6.

The Ore Reserves are based upon a State Royalty of 2.5% and a refining charge of 0.2%

The announcements containing the Table 1 Checklists of Assessment and Reporting Criteria relating for the 2012 JORC compliant Reserves are:

#### Kal East Gold Project

Black Cat ASX approvement on 03 June 2022 "Robust Base Case Production Plan of 302koz for Kal Fast"

Paulsens Gold Operation

Black Cat ASX announcement on 10 July 2023 "Robust Restart Plan for Paulsens"

Data is rounded to thousands of tonnes and thousands of ounces gold. Discrepancies in totals may occur due to rounding.

# APPENDIX D – PAULSENS DRILLING UNDERGROUND- JORC TABLE 1

Section 1: Sampling Techniques and	Data						
Criteria	JORC Code Explanation	Commentary					
	Nature and quality of sampling (e.g. cut channels, random chips, or specific specialised industry standard measurement tools appropriate to the minerals under investigation, such as down hole gamma sondes, or handheld XRF instruments, etc). These examples should not be taken as limiting the broad meaning of sampling.	Diamond core is sampled based on geological logging of mineralised intervals. Samples range in width from 0.10m to 1.20m. Adequate buffers of surrounding non-mineralised rock are sampled around primary samples of between 1 and 5m depending on the nature of the interval to characterise the mineralised boundaries as "hard" or "soft". Samples are collected on whole NQ2 core.					
	Include reference to measures taken to ensure sample representivity and the appropriate calibration of any measurement tools or systems used.	Core is aligned and measured by tape, comparing back to down hole core blocks consistent with industry practice. For the current drill program, downhole orientation of the core is done via True Core and hole orientation is measured downhole using a Devi Gyro.					
Sampling techniques	Aspects of the determination of mineralisation that are Material to the Public Report. In cases where 'industry standard' work has been done this would be relatively simple (e.g. 'reverse circulation drilling was used to obtain 1m samples from which 3kg was pulverised to produce a 30g charge for fire assay'). In other cases, more explanation may be required, such as where there is coarse gold that has inherent sampling problems. Unusual commodities or mineralisation types (e.g. submarine nodules) may warrant disclosure of detailed information.	Diamond core is sampled In intervals ranging from 0.10 to 1.20m depending on the nature of the logged inter Core is half-cut along a cut line just off the orientation line (where available) and core from the same side of t cut line is submitted for assay to avoid human bias of sample selection. Samples are crushed and pulverised a commercial lab to produce a ~200g pulp sub sample to use in the assay process. Samples are analysed v fire assay using a 40g charge. Visible gold has been reported in recent and historic logging.					
Drilling techniques	Drill type (e.g. core, reverse circulation, open-hole hammer, rotary air blast, auger, Bangka, sonic, etc) and details (e.g. core diameter, triple or standard tube, depth of diamond tails, face-sampling bit or other type, whether core is oriented and if so, by what method, etc).	Current core drilling is via NQ2 core size. Core is currently oriented using a True Core tool, which is a commercially available product.					
	Method of recording and assessing core and chip sample recoveries and results assessed.	Diamond drill recoveries are recorded as a percentage calculated from measured core versus drilled intervals. Achieving >95% recovery. Greater than 0.2 metre discrepancies are resolved with the drill supervisor.					
Drill sample recovery	Measures taken to maximise sample recovery and ensure representative nature of the samples.	Standard diamond drilling practice results in high recovery due to competent nature of the ground.					
	Whether a relationship exists between sample recovery and grade and whether sample bias may have occurred due to preferential loss/gain of fine/coarse material.	There is no known relationship between sample recovery and grade, sample recovery is very high.					
	Whether core and chip samples have been geologically and geotechnically logged to a level of detail to support appropriate Mineral Resource estimation, mining studies and metallurgical studies.	Core logging is carried out by company and contract geologists. Holes are routinely logged for lithology, alteration and mineralisation and where oriented and appropriate structural measurements are collected. Geotechnical logging is limited to recording RQD data for exploration holes.					
Logging	Whether logging is qualitative or quantitative in nature. Core (or costean, channel, etc) photography.	Logging is qualitative and all core is photographed. Visual estimates are made of sulphide, quartz vein and alteration percentages.					
	The total length and percentage of the relevant intersections logged.	100% of the drill core is logged.					
	If core, whether cut or sawn and whether quarter, half or all core taken.	Current sampling is via whole core. All major mineralised zones are sampled plus associated visibly barren host rock between 1 and 5m depending on the thickness of the primary sample interval. Sample intervals range from 0.1 to 1.2m in length. Historic sampling was a mixture of whole core and half core sampling as above.					
	If non-core, whether riffled, tube sampled, rotary split, etc and whether sampled wet or dry.	Current drilling is only via diamond coring.					
Sub-sampling techniques and sample preparation	For all sample types, the nature, quality and appropriateness of the sample preparation technique.	Sample preparation is conducted at a commercial laboratory to an acceptable standard. Blank samples are routinely submitted to assess the preparation QAQC.					
	Quality control procedures adopted for all sub-sampling stages to maximise representivity of samples.	For drill core the external labs coarse duplicates are used. CRM standards are inserted into the sample stream on a 1:20 ratio in addition to internal laboratory CRMs. Blanks are inserted into the sample stream routinely to assess the QAQC of the sample preparation stage.					
	Measures taken to ensure that the sampling is representative of the in-situ material collected, including for instance results for field duplicate/second half sampling.	Field duplicates are not utilised in the current drill program. Duplicate lab analysis is routinely undertaken at regular sampling intervals on crushed material.					

Criteria	JORC Code Explanation	Commentary				
	Whether sample sizes are appropriate to the grain size of the material being sampled.	Sample sizes are considered appropriate.				
	The nature, quality and appropriateness of the assaying and laboratory procedures used and whether the technique is considered partial or total.	For all drill core samples, gold concentration is determined by fire assay using the lead collection technique with a 40 gram sample charge weight. An AAS finish is used, considered to be total gold.				
	For geophysical tools, spectrometers, handheld XRF instruments, etc, the parameters used in determining the analysis including instrument make and model, reading times, calibrations factors applied and their derivation, etc.	No other sources of data reported.				
Quality of assay data and laboratory tests	Nature of quality control procedures adopted (e.g. standards, blanks, duplicates, external laboratory checks) and whether acceptable levels of accuracy (i.e. lack of bias) and precision have been established.	The QAQC protocols used include the following for all drill samples: -Commercial coarse blanks are inserted at an incidence of 1 in 40 samples or after intervals of significant visual mineralisation. -Commercially prepared certified reference materials are inserted at an incidence of 1 in 20 samples. The CRM used is not identifiable to the laboratory. The primary laboratory QAQC protocols used include the following for all drill samples: -Repeat of pulps at a rate of 5%. -Screen tests (percentage of pulverised sample passing a 75µm mesh) are undertaken on 1 in 100 samples. -Failed standards are followed up by re-assaying a second 40 g pulp sample of the failed standard ± 10 samples either side by the same method at the primary laboratory. Both the accuracy component (CRM's and umpire checks) and the precision component (duplicates and repeats) are deemed acceptable.				
	The verification of significant intersections by either independent or alternative company personnel.	Significant intercepts have been reviewed by the competent person as part of the due diligence process.				
	The use of twinned holes.	No twinned holes have been drilled as part of this drill program.				
Verification of sampling and assaying	Documentation of primary data, data entry procedures, data verification, data storage (physical and electronic) protocols.	Current logging is done via a protected Excel spreadsheet and uploaded into an external Acquire database at the completion of each drillhole. The original logs are archived.				
	Discuss any adjustment to assay data.	No adjustments to assay data have been made.				
	Accuracy and quality of surveys used to locate drill holes (collar and down- hole surveys), trenches, mine workings and other locations used in Mineral Resource estimation.	Drill hole collar positions are picked up by survey using a calibrated total station Leica 1203+ instrument. Drill hole, downhole surveys are recorded at the collar and then every 50m downhole using a Devi Gyro, north- seeking tool with the Paulsens Local Grid transformation pre-loaded.				
Location of data points	Specification of the grid system used.	A local grid system (Paulsen Mine Grid) is used. It is rotated 41.7 degrees to the west of GDA94 – MGA zone 50 grid. Local origin is 50,000N and 10,000E Conversion. MGA E = (East_LOC*0.75107808+North_LOC*0.659680194+381644.16) MGA N = (North_LOC*0.75107808-East_LOC*0.659680194+7571963.75) MGA RL = mRL_LOC-1000				
	Quality and adequacy of topographic control.	Topographic control is not relevant to the underground mine. For general use, an airborne survey was flown in 2023. Resolution is +/- 0.5m.				
	Data spacing for reporting of Exploration Results.	Exploration result data spacing can be highly variable, up to 100m and down to 10m.				
Data spacing and distribution	Whether the data spacing and distribution is sufficient to establish the degree of geological and grade continuity appropriate for the Mineral Resource and Ore Reserve estimation procedure(s) and classifications applied.	Measured data spacing is better than 7m x 7m and restricted to areas in immediate proximity to mined development. Data spacing for indicated material is approximately, or better than, 20m x 20m. All other areas where sample data is greater than 20m x 20m, or where intercept angle is low, is classified as inferred.				
	Whether sample compositing has been applied.	Core sampling is conducted on geologic intervals and is not field-composited. Assay data is composited using a 1g/t cut-off with up to 2m total internal dilution and 1m continuous dilution.				
Orientation of data in relation to geological structure	Whether the orientation of sampling achieves unbiased sampling of possible structures and the extent to which this is known, considering the deposit type.	Drilling is designed to be as close to perpendicular to the known mineralised trend being tested as achievable given drill collar location constraints. Core is routinely oriented and structural measurements taken of significant mineralisation zones to calculate true thickness during Resource Estimation. Hanging-wall drill drives provide excellent intercept orientation to the geological structures used in the estimate.				
	If the relationship between the drilling orientation and the orientation of key mineralised structures is considered to have introduced a sampling bias, this should be assessed and reported if material.	The drill orientation to mineralised structures biases the number of samples per drill hole. It is not thought to make a material difference in the Resource estimation as opportunity arises, better angled holes are drilled with higher intersection angles.				

Section 1: Sampling Techniques and Data							
Criteria	JORC Code Explanation	Commentary					
Sample security	The measures taken to ensure sample security.	All samples are selected, cut and bagged in tied pre-numbered calico bags, grouped in larger tied plastic bags, and placed in large bulka bags with a sample submission sheet. The bulka bags are transported via freight truck to Perth, with consignment note and receipts. Sample pulp splits are returned to BC8 via return freight and stored in shelved containers on site. Pre BC8 operator sample security assumed to be similar and adequate.					
Audits or reviews	The results of any audits or reviews of sampling techniques and data.	Recent external review confirmed core and face sampling techniques are to industry standard. Data handling is considered adequate and was further improved recently with a new database. Pre BC8 data audits found less QAQC reports, though in line with industry standards at that time.					

Section 2: Reporting of Exploration					
Criteria	JORC Code Explanation	Commentary			
Mineral tenement and land tenure status	Type, reference name/number, location and ownership including agreements or material issues with third parties such as Joint Ventures, partnerships, overriding royalties, native title interests, historical sites, wilderness or national park and environmental settings.	Paulsens Gold Mine is located on tenements M08/99 and M08/196, both of which are held by Black Cat (Paulsens)Pty Ltd, a subsidiary of Black Cat Syndicate Ltd and are in good standing. All production is subject to a Western Australian state government Net Smelter Return ("NSR") royalty of 2.5%. There are several registered heritage sites on surface around the Paulsens Gold Mine, but they do not impact underground operations.			
	The security of the tenure held at the time of reporting along with any known impediments to obtaining a licence to operate in the area.	No known impediment to obtaining a licence to operate exists and the remainder of the tenements are in good standing.			
Exploration done by other parties		Extensive exploration and development have been conducted around Paulsens dating from the 1970s for various commodities, including gold and base metals. Several operators have conducted exploration, much of which is recorded digitally in the Black Cat database. Most recently, Paulsens was owned by Northern Star, who conducted significant underground and surface exploration, which Black Cat has in digital form. Work activities included:			
	Acknowledgment and appraisal of exploration by other parties.	<ul> <li>Extensive underground drilling and development work</li> <li>Surface RC and diamond drilling around Paulsens Gold Mine and on regional tenure</li> <li>Several campaigns of surface and underground bedrock mapping to constrain the local and dis scale structural architecture as an aid in exploration targeting</li> <li>Several rounds of geophysical acquisitions including airborne magnetics and radiometrics, su gravity surveys, ground and airborne EM surveying and 2D and 3D seismic surveys over the Paul Gold Mine</li> </ul>			
Geology	Deposit type, geological setting and style of mineralisation.	Paulsens is a narrow vein orogenic gold deposit hosted in the Wyloo dome within the Ashburton Basin. Mineralisation is hosted in quartz-sulphide (pyrite, pyrrhotite, chalcopyrite and galena) veins ranging in thickness from a few centimetres to several metres, as well as in semi-massive sulphidic shear zones containing milled sulphides (primarily pyrite and chalcopyrite). Most of the mined ore zone at Paulsens is hosted in veins within a highly sheared argillic sandstone/siltstone within a broad shear zone that forms a subsidiary structure to the regionally extensive Nanjilgardy Fault system. A second set of mineralised quartz veins are hosted in tension gash structures within the Paulsens Mine Gabbro, which is a medium grained gabbro/dolerite sill that intrudes the sedimentary succession. The mined portion of the Paulsens Deposit is hosted in a shear zone that cuts through the Paulsens Mine Gabbro and offsets the gabbro several 10s to 100s of metres.			
Drill hole information	<ul> <li>A summary of all information material to the understanding of the exploration results including a tabulation of the following information for all Material drill holes:</li> <li>easting and northing of the drill hole collar;</li> <li>elevation or Reduced Level ("RL") (elevation above sea level in metres) of the drill hole collar;</li> </ul>	All drill collar location details are reported in the body of this report.			
	<ul><li> dip and azimuth of the hole;</li><li> down hole length and interception depth;</li></ul>				

Section 1: Sampling Techniques and Data			
Criteria	JORC Code Explanation	Commentary	
	<ul> <li>hole length; and</li> <li>if the exclusion of this information is justified on the b information is not Material and this exclusion does no understanding of the report, the Competent Person s why this is the case.</li> </ul>	not detract from the	

Section 2: Reporting of Exploration Results		
Criteria	JORC Code Explanation	Commentary
Data aggregation methods	In reporting Exploration Results, weighting averaging techniques, maximum and/or minimum grade truncations (e.g., cutting of high-grades) and cut-off grades are usually Material and should be stated.	Composite assay results are reported using a 1g/t Au lower cut-off. No top-cut is applied to assay data.
	Where aggregate intercepts incorporate short lengths of high-grade results and longer lengths of low-grade results, the procedure used for such aggregation should be stated and some typical examples of such aggregations should be shown in detail.	All composites are reported with a maximum total internal waste of 2m, with up to 1m of contiguous waste included between mineralised intervals. The minimum composite grade reported is 1g/t. Internal high grades are reported in the body of the text as "including" intervals. Typically, these high-grade sub-intervals are reported if they are more than 10x the composite grade.
	The assumptions used for any reporting of metal equivalent values should be clearly stated.	Not applicable, as no metal equivalent values have been reported.
Relationship between mineralisation widths and intercept lengths	These relationships are particularly important in the reporting of Exploration Results. If the geometry of the mineralisation with respect to the drill hole angle is known, its nature should be reported. If it is not known and only the down hole lengths are reported, there should be a clear statement to this effect (e.g. 'down hole length, true width not known').	All intercepts are reported as downhole depths which is considered close to true width for most intercepts.
Diagrams	Appropriate maps and sections (with scales) and tabulations of intercepts should be included for any significant discovery being reported These should include, but not be limited to a plan view of drill hole collar locations and appropriate sectional views.	Appropriate diagrams have been included in the body of the announcement.
Balanced reporting	Where comprehensive reporting of all Exploration. Results are not practicable, representative reporting of both low and high- grades and/or widths should be practiced to avoid misleading reporting of Exploration Results.	All significant results have been tabulated in this release, including drillholes with no significant results.
Other substantive exploration data	Other exploration data, if meaningful and material, should be reported including (but not limited to): geological observations; geophysical survey results; geochemical survey results; bulk samples – size and method of treatment; metallurgical test results; bulk density, groundwater, geotechnical and rock characteristics; potential deleterious or contaminating substances.	Geophysical surveys including aeromagnetic surveys and seismic have been carried out by previous owners to highlight and interpret prospective structures in the project area.
Further work	The nature and scale of planned further work (e.g., tests for lateral extensions or depth extensions or large-scale step-out drilling). Diagrams clearly highlighting the areas of possible extensions, including the main geological interpretations and future drilling areas, provided this information is not commercially sensitive.	Black Cat is continuing an exploration program which will target extension of mineralisation and regional targets within the Paulsens area.