

30 July 2025

**ASX CODE: RWD** 

#### **DIRECTORS**

Colin McCavana Chairman

Michael Ruane Executive

Rod Della Vedova Non-Executive

#### **MANAGEMENT**

Lorry Hughes CEO

Bianca Taveira

Company Secretary

#### **HEAD OFFICE**

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# QUARTERLY ACTIVITIES REPORT FOR THE PERIOD ENDING 30 JUNE 2025

#### **Highlights**

- Continued disclosure of technical data and engagement with strategic investors from the solar salt, fertilizer, chemical and finance industries
- Ongoing discussions regarding the potential inclusion of Reward's processing technologies and potash processing plant in existing and new developments
- Management decision to develop a dual asset strategy with the advancement of its 100% owned Kalgoorlie gold projects.

**PERTH, Western Australia (30 July, 2025) - Reward Minerals Limited (ASX: RWD) (Reward** or the **Company)** a world leading innovative potash processing and project development Company, provides its Activities Report for the June Quarter 2025.

#### Corporate

Main activities during the quarter were pursuing its priority strategy to secure a joint venture with a solar seawater salt producer or development company. The most favoured operational jurisdiction is Western Australia, however, overseas jurisdictions with salt production and/or desalination projects are also under consideration.

Reward continued dialogue and data sharing under confidentiality agreements with several companies during the quarter. Discussions are ongoing and incomplete. Reward will advise the market in the event of any material developments from any ongoing discussions.

The Company also conducted evaluations on several new opportunities to acquire its own salt and/or potash project, where it can leverage its processing technology, expertise and potash plant. Discussions are at an early stage and progressing.

Reward believes there is clear potential for substantial economic benefits using discarded brines from the solar seawater salt industry to extract valuable high-purity Potassium Sulphate (SOP,  $K_2SO_4$  or potash) and other by-products. Salt operations have established transport and logistics infrastructure which can be maximised by inclusion of new products at low incremental costs.

The Company remains bullish on the long-term outlook for SOP demand and price. It owns highly sought after processing technology, a valuable SOP plant and reaffirms its aspirations to become a globally relevant low-cost, high quality SOP producer.

In addition to advancing its SOP assets, subsequent to quarter-end, the board of directors decided to materially advance its Kalgoorlie gold projects as part of a dual asset corporate strategy. Reward considers its 100%-owned projects to be highly prospective for extensions to gold mineralisation identified by historic explorers. The Company believes significant shareholder value could be added by conducting exploration drilling programs targeting a commercial discovery.

#### **Beyondie Potash Plant (BPP)**

The recently acquired BPP¹ is located ~160kms south-east of Newman in Western Australia. It was previously part of the Beyondie Potash Project which was constructed between 2020-2022 and operated by Kalium Lakes Limited (ASX: KLL) up until Administrators and Receivers & Managers were appointed in August 2023 (Figures 1 & 2).

The BPP is currently under care and maintenance activities, Reward has a full-time site manager to facilitate site visits from engineering personnel for evaluation of plant components and engineering studies ahead of plant relocation activities.

During the quarter, several third-party enquiries were fielded by Reward discussing potential acquisition of both minor and major components of the BPP and to conduct early-stage engineering assessments for new SOP developments. These discussions and activities are continuing.

Directors and management of Reward believe that owning the BPP has provided an exciting opportunity for the Company to progress its long-held ambition of producing SOP fertilizer from brine resources on a viable commercial basis.

The Company has an avenue to conduct definitive pilot and project feasibility studies at a fraction of the cost associated with a new pilot plant facility. Reward's directors and management are of the view that potential joint venture partners will see this as an attractive scenario with a greatly reduced risk profile.



Figure 1 – Photograph of the Beyondie Potash Project in 2023 when in operation by Kalium. The Transaction comprises a fully constructed processing plant, site offices and maintenance infrastructure. Specific plant components include, KTMS crushing circuit, Kainite conversion circuit, column flotation circuit, liquor cooling heat exchangers, evaporative cooling circuit, product separation centrifuges, SOP recovery and granulation units, RO water plant and a bulk storage shed.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Refer to ASX announcements dated 3 September & 16 December 2024.

#### **Carnarvon Potash Project (CPP)**

On 6 May 2024, exploration licence E09/2763 was granted to Holocene Pty Ltd (a wholly owned subsidiary of Reward)<sup>1</sup>. The ~219km<sup>2</sup> licence is located ~30km north of Carnarvon in Western Australia and is immediately adjacent to the Lake Macleod seawater solar salt operation (Figure 2).

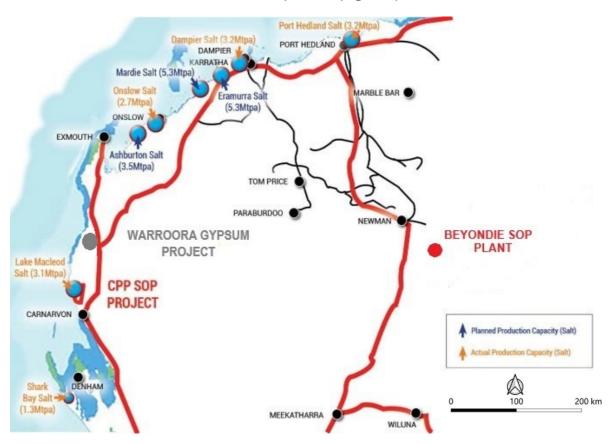


Figure 2 – The Beyondie SOP Plant site in relation to the location of Reward's Carnarvon Potash and Warroora Gypsum Projects and Western Australian Salt operations and development projects (Producers shown in orange text, approved or planned production capacity is labelled). All the Salt projects shown are potential sites for SOP production using waste brines (Bitterns).

Reward notes that the adjoining Lake Macleod seawater solar salt operation was recently sold to private company Leichhardt Industrials Group.

The CPP has the potential to host concentrated seawater type brines containing potash at shallow depth. Planning and statutory approvals for exploration to identify brines existing within the subsurface is underway. Within E09/2763 a brine production bore (BM1) utilised by Beta Nutrition Pty Ltd for algae cultivation, provides brine analysing 2.38g/l Potassium and 8.08g/l Sulphates equivalent to 5.3g/l SOP.

In early February 2025, Reward submitted a Heritage Notice detailing a proposed initial exploration program to the Gumala Aboriginal Corporation as Heritage Services Provider for the Yinggarda Aboriginal Corporation RNTBC. The Company is negotiating costs associated for a heritage survey as part of approvals. Once it is completed, it will seek POW approvals via the Department of Energy, Mines, Industry Regulation and Safety.

In September 2023, Reward released highly positive economic and technical results from an Engineering Scoping Study (ESS) at the CPP for the recovery of high-purity SOP from Bitterns derived from seawater based solar salt operations in northwest Western Australia and using Reward's newly developed processing technology, (Reward Process or Syngenite Process)<sup>2</sup>.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Refer ASX announcement 10 May 2024, <sup>2</sup> Refer ASX announcement 28 September 2023.

A key ESS outcome was that recovering SOP from waste brines using the Reward Process could result in the production of SOP at lowest cost and in the most ESG friendly way globally.

The 2023 ESS used the Syngenite Process as this was the best available technology at the time. Since then, Reward has advanced the development of alternative and potentially superior new processes (New Processes) that also allow for the direct recovery of SOP from brine, Reward looks forward to completing a materially updated ESS using the best available technology solution in the near future.

### Warroora Gypsum Project (WGP)

On 21 March 2025<sup>1</sup>, Reward's wholly owned subsidiary Holocene Pty Ltd, applied for a new exploration licence that is highly prospective for Gypsum (CaSO<sub>4</sub>.2H<sub>2</sub>O). The 43 block ( $\sim$ 136km<sup>2</sup>) application area includes historic Mining tenement areas where auger drilling, costeaning and test pitting by multiple explorers defined substantial Gypsum deposits beneath 23 – 90cm of topsoil overburden.

Exploration Licence E08/3802 is located ~10km from the coast at Warroora, ~120km north of Reward's Carnarvon Potash Project and is immediately north of the Lake Macleod seawater solar salt operation in Western Australia (Figure 3).

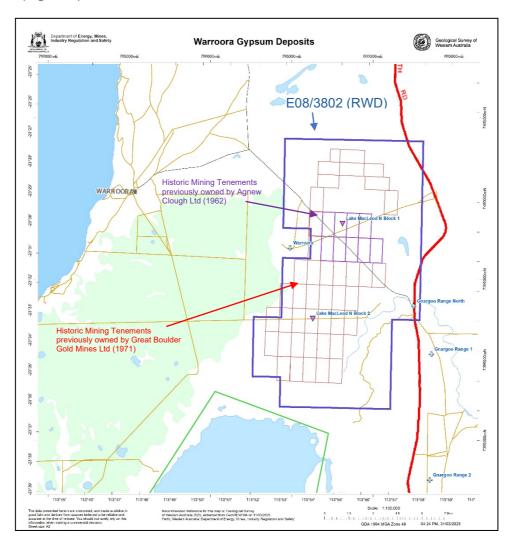


Figure 3 – Exploration Licence application E08/3802, shown with local topography. For context the location of some historic mineral claims in effect at the time previous explorers defined shallow Mineral Resources/Reserves<sup>2</sup>.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Refer ASX announcement dated 3 April 2025, <sup>2</sup> Refer to Department of Energy, Mines, Industry Regulation & Safety (DEMIRS) Geoview and WAMEX for historic exploration and development report numbers A.13959, 18876, 43398 & 5160.

The site is also ~250km southwest of Onslow and 350km southwest of Mardie where global scale seawater solar salt operations are in production or development (Figure 4).

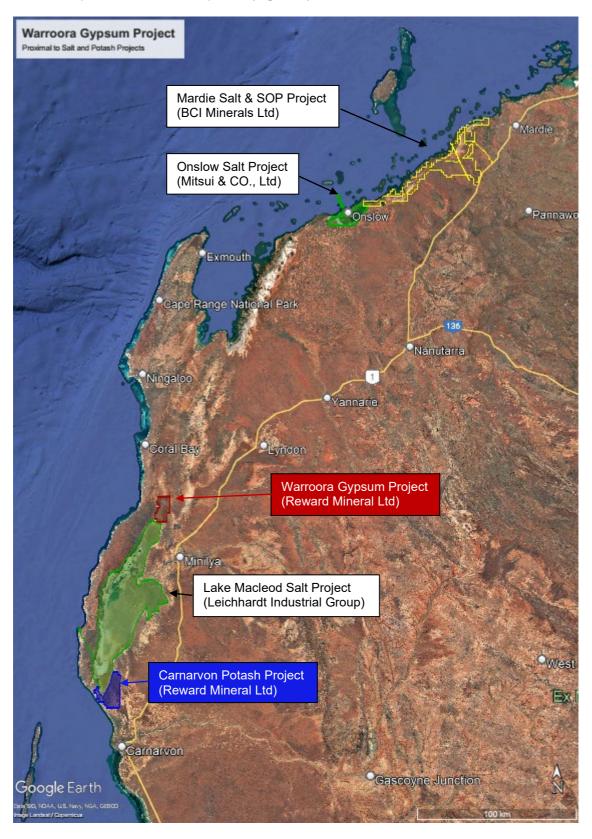


Figure 4 – Location map of Reward's Warroora Gypsum and Carnarvon Potash Projects in relation to the Lake Macleod, Onslow and Mardie seawater solar salt operations in Western Australia.

Gypsum is the common name of Hydrated Calcium Sulphate which is mostly used in the manufacture of plaster board. It is also a key ingredient in the recovery of Potassium Sulphate (Potash, SOP or K<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>) from seawater using Reward's processing technologies.

If granted, the project would be a low-cost acquisition of a large occurrence of historically defined Gypsum mineralisation which would underpin the Company strategy for creating a SOP recovery operation in the northwest of Western Australia. If we can establish a Mineral Resource at Warroora, there is potential to have our own long term supply of Gypsum for producing both Syngenite (K<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>CaSO<sub>4</sub>.H<sub>2</sub>O) and SOP fertilizers.

Reward has commenced exploration database compilation and negotiation of access agreements from local stakeholders as part of the tenement grant process.

#### Potash Processing Technology Development – Reward Process or Syngenite Process

Further to Australian and International Patent Co-operation Treaty applications and submissions made by Reward over the last two years, the International Preliminary Examining Authority (IPEA) provided a positive Report on Patentability of its Reward Process for recovery of Potassium Sulphate directly from concentrated seawater and other high sulphate brines. Reward's first Patent Application has been granted via International Publication Number WO2024/031139A1.

Reward has finalised its list of countries/regions where it seeks patent protection, and it is working through the statutory regulations with its patent attorneys to bring it into effect in the various jurisdictions selected.

#### Potash Processing Technology Development - New Processes

As reported previously, since the breakthrough development of the Syngenite Process in 2022 the Company continued to conduct in-house testwork on Resource brines including those derived from Bitterns and playa lake potash deposits in Western Australia. The aim of the testwork was to assess the likelihood of developing SOP processing techniques that advance the Syngenite Process for specific locations, thereby improving potential project economics for the CPP and other third-party projects.

Additional lab-scale breakthroughs have been made whereby high SOP recoveries were achieved using the new techniques recovering SOP directly from concentrated brines. The New Processes also dispense with the requirement for expensive mechanical harvesting of mixed salts prior to processing and do not require complicated flotation methods to remove excess halite (NaCl) from feed salts.

The New Processes differ from the Syngenite Process as they do not rely on the addition of Gypsum (CaSO<sub>4</sub>) to the feed brine to extract high-purity SOP, thereby providing further simplified and improved first pass SOP recoveries.

However, despite recent technical developments, Reward believes that Syngenite has potential as a valuable fertilizer product in its own right as a competitor to the commercially available product Polyhalite  $(K_2Ca_2Mg(SO_4)_4.2H_2O)$ .

Syngenite contains almost double the SOP content and is much more water soluble than Polyhalite. In this context, Reward is continuing testwork to advance low-cost production of Syngenite as a saleable product and also as an intermediate further reducing the cost of SOP product. Hence its interest in acquisition of its own Gypsum resource referred to above.

As Reward believes it has developed additional discoveries new patent applications to protect the new intellectual property were submitted on 13 January and 28 February 2025. During the quarter, further work was conducted with Reward's patent attorneys to support the application.

#### Kalgoorlie Gold Projects

Reward's initial data review of historic exploration data has indicted there is excellent potential for the discovery of significant gold mineralisation on all three project tenements. It recently acquired three exploration licence applications located between 15-40km from Kalgoorlie-Boulder, Western Australia (Figure 5).

Given the close proximity of the tenure to known gold occurrences, deposits and milling infrastructure, Reward considers the projects to present an exciting Brownfields exploration opportunity.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Refer ASX announcement dated 24 June 2024

The combined projects cover ~60km² of the Norseman-Wiluna Greenstone Belt and has been subjected to multiple early-stage exploration programs for gold and pathfinder elements. Considering the Company's recently declared dual asset strategy prioritising gold exploration instead of divestment, it will seek to advance heritage protection agreements with the relevant parties as part of the tenement grant process.

Historic database compilation has commenced with detailed exploration target definition to follow. A brief review of the historic exploration activity conducted at each gold project is included below. The Company intends to compile detailed historic results in once data is adequately compiled and verified for reporting under JORC Code Guidelines.

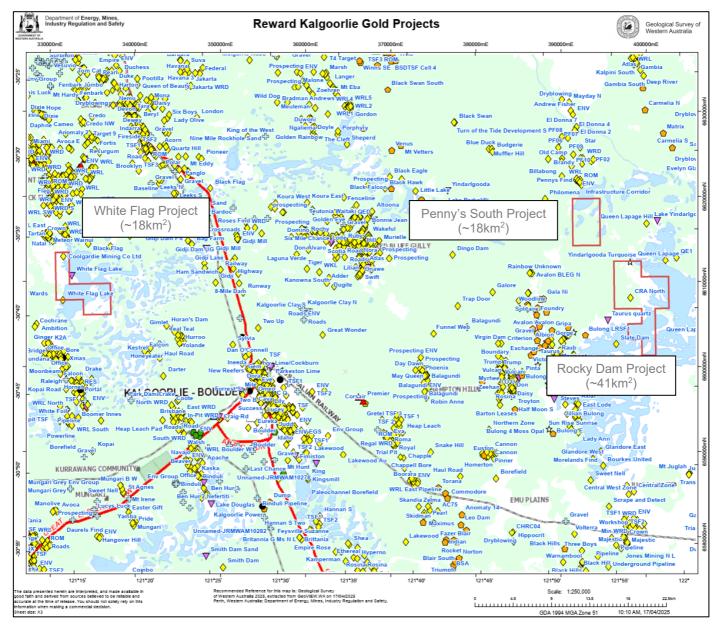


Figure 5 – Reward's Kalgoorlie Gold Projects shown with Geological Survey of Western Australia known gold occurrences; White Flag (E24/243 – ~18km²), Penny's South (E27/736 - ~18km²) and Rocky Dam (E25/655 - ~41km²).

#### White Flag Gold Project

Exploration tenement application E24/243 is located ~22km northwest of Kalgoorlie, is ~5km northeast of the Kundana Mining Camp and major gold endowed Zuleika Shear Zone (Figures 5 & 6). The main primary rock types reported in the area include felsic to intermediate volcanic and volcaniclastic sediments, undifferentiated granitic intrusive, ultramafics, porphyry intrusives, mafic intrusives and basalts.

The project is dominated by the White Flag Lake playa system which has hampered past exploration with limited drilling completed on the lake. Reward's current exploration strategy is to identify targets within easily accessible areas and drill test them. If new geological information warrants exploration in lake areas it will be considered.

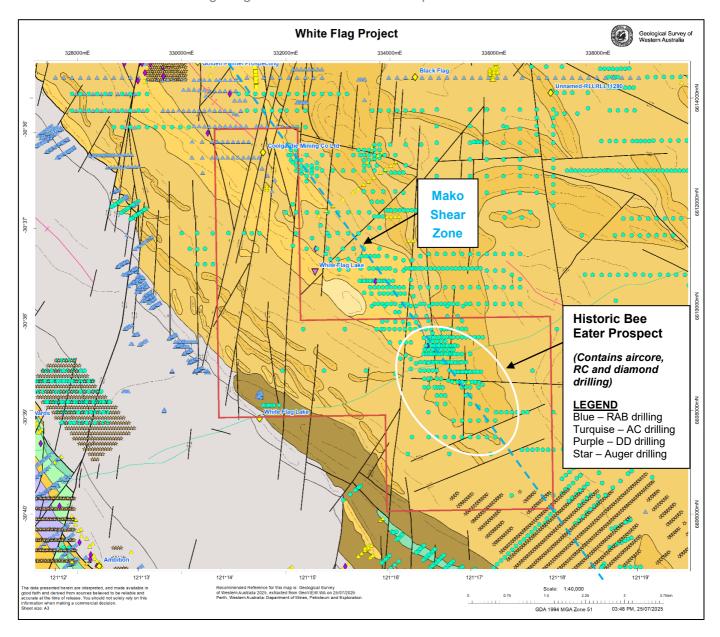


Figure 6 – The White Flag Project (E24/243) at 1:40,000 scale over Geological Survey of WA (GSWA) 1:100,000 scale Interpreted Bedrock Geology Map showing historical drill collar locations extracted from the GSWA Geoview Website. The Bee Eater Prospect has received the most historic exploration including ground-based geophysics, aircore, RC and diamond drilling completed by Delta Gold, Placer Dome Asia Pacific and Barrick¹ (further detailed information from the historic exploration activities will be provided once data compilation activities are suitably advanced).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Refer to Department of Energy, Mines, Industry Regulation & Safety (DEMIRS) Geoview and WAMEX for historic exploration and development report numbers A.64179, 61955, 62015, 59916, 82877, 82878, 70545, 72446, 75242 & 77536.

#### **Rocky Dam Gold Project**

Exploration tenement application E25/655 is located ~50km east-northeast of Kalgoorlie on the northern side of Lake Yindarlgooda (Figures 5 & 7). The geology of the general project area is dominated by the regional Bulong Anticline comprising a north-northwest trending domal structure. Felsic to intermediate volcanic and volcaniclastic units are overlain by shales and siltstones equivalent to those of the Black Flag Beds which are in turn juxtaposed against the Penny Dam Conglomerate and units of the Mt Belches Formation to the east of the Randall Fault.

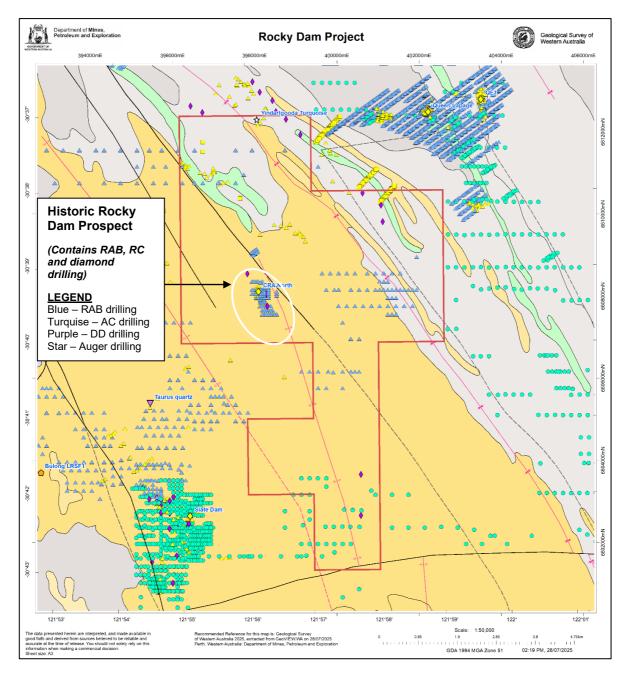


Figure 7 – The Rocky Dam Project (E25/655) at 1:50,000 scale over Geological Survey of WA (GSWA) 1:500,000 scale Interpreted Bedrock Geology Map showing historical drill collar locations extracted from the GSWA Geoview Website. The CRA-NTH Prospect has received the most historic exploration including airborne geophysics, geological mapping, RAB, RC and diamond drilling completed by CRA, North, Dreadnought Resources and Lycaon¹ (further information from the historic exploration activities will be provided once data compilation activities are suitably advanced).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Refer to Department of Energy, Mines, Industry Regulation & Safety (DEMIRS) Geoview and WAMEX for historic exploration and development report numbers A.35304, 36868, 127484, 123427, 120634 & 131651.

The general area is characterised by a north-westerly developed structural trend with several prominent regional fault systems, such as the Juglah Shear, Lapage Shear and the domain bounding Randalls Shear which form part of the Queen Lapage structural zone.

#### Penny's South Gold Project

Exploration tenement application E27/736 is located ~42km east-northeast of Kalgoorlie and ~2km south along strike from the Pennys Find Gold Mine owned by Horizon Minerals Ltd (ASX: HRZ). Historic exploration targeted mesothermal vein-array gold mineralisation in a volcanoclastic-dominated stratigraphic package.

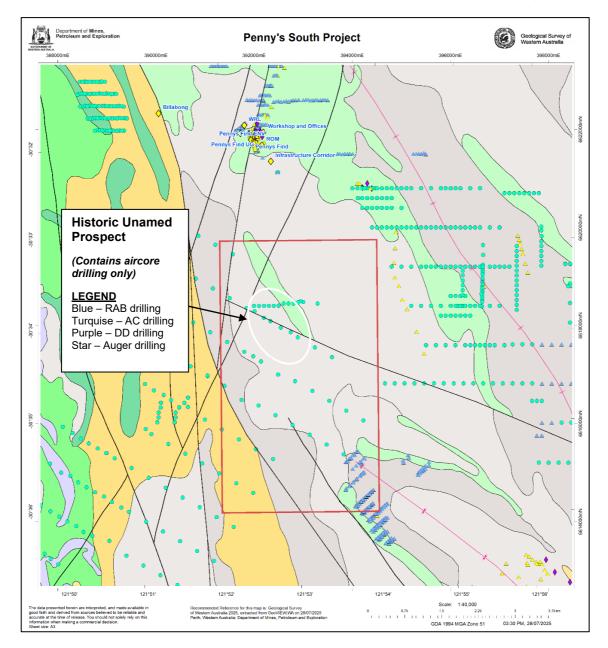


Figure 8 – The Penny's South Project (E27/736) at 1:40,000 scale over Geological Survey of WA (GSWA) 1:500,000 scale Interpreted Bedrock Geology Map showing historical drill collar locations extracted from the GSWA Geoview Website. The Unamed Prospect has received the most historic exploration including airborne geophysics, geological mapping and aircore drilling completed by Delta Gold, St Barbara and Sumitomo¹ (further information from the historic exploration activities will be provided once data compilation activities are suitably advanced).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Refer to Department of Energy, Mines, Industry Regulation & Safety (DEMIRS) Geoview and WAMEX for historic exploration and development report numbers A.62925, 88967 & 124136.

Exploration expenditure by Reward during the June Quarter was approximately \$212,000 as disclosed in item 1.2(a) of the Cashflow Report relating to low-level exploration activity and tenement holding costs.

Available cash at the end of the period was approximately \$1.738 million. In accordance with ASX Listing Rule 5.3.5, during the quarter a total of \$17,000 was paid to related parties or their associates of the Company relating to non-executive Director fees.

#### **Next Steps**

Over the next two quarters Reward will focus on the following key activities;

- Continue engagement with solar salt, fertilizer and seawater desalination companies worldwide to discuss the application of Reward's technology and proposed SOP developments for possible joint venture participation and investment;
- Continue advancement of its processing technologies toward commercialisation;
- Establish the logistics and cost parameters for relocation of the Beyondie Potash Plant to alternative sites;
- > Design and obtain statutory approvals for initial work programs for the CPP and WGP sites; and
- Data compilation and progressing the grant for the Kalgoorlie Gold Projects.

Authorised by the Board of Reward.

For further information please contact:

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Executive Director CEO

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## Issued Share Capital as at 30 June 2025

ASX Code	Security Description	Number of Securities
RWD	Fully Paid Ordinary Shares	267,219,571*
RWDAV	Unlisted Options \$0.198 expiring 14 September 2025	5,000,000
RWDAX	Unlisted Options \$0.20 expiring 14 September 2025	5,250,000
RWDAD	Unlisted Options \$0.12 expiring 5 November 2026	19,183,216
RWDAE	Class A Performance Rights vest 1 July 2025	5,000,000
RWDAE	Class B Performance Rights vest 1 July 2026	6,000,000

<sup>\*</sup>Included are 1,252,160 shares held by Dr Ruane's entities which are under voluntary escrow to 20 November 2025.

# Tenement Holdings as at 30 June 2025

Tenement	Status	Ownership	% Interest Acquired During the Quarter	% Interest Disposed During the Quarter
		Dora, Western A	ustralia	
E45/4321	Pending	100%	-	-
E45/4488	Pending	100%	-	-
	(	Carnarvon, Westerr	n Australia	
E08/3802	Pending	100%	-	-
E09/2763	Granted	100%	-	-
		Kalgoorlie, Westerr	Australia	
E24/243	Pending	100%	-	-
E25/655	Pending	100%	-	-
E27/736	Pending	100%	-	-

#### **About Reward**

Reward is an ASX-listed advanced-stage sulphate of potash exploration and development company. Reward's flagship is its 100%-owned Carnarvon Potash Project, located ~30km north of Carnarvon in north-western Western Australia. A heritage agreement has been executed with the Yinggarda Aboriginal Corporation RNTBC (YAC) who holds native title rights and interests on trust for the Yinggarda common law holders as defined in the Gnulli Determination (WAD 22 of 2019, WAD 366 of 2018 and WAD 261 of 2019).

Reward is also the 100% owner and developer of new processing technology for recovery of high-purity SOP from seawater and other high sulphate brines (Reward Process). The Company submitted an Australian Provisional Patent Application (Application Number - 2022902277) for the Reward Process on 11 August 2022 and completed the international application prior to 11 August 2023. On 24 June 2024 Reward received a positive preliminary report on the patentability of the Reward Process from the International Preliminary Examining Authority.

#### Forward-Looking Statements

This document may contain certain "forward-looking statements". When used in this document, the words such as "could", "plan", "estimate", "expect", "intend", "may", "potential", "should", and similar expressions are forward-looking statements. Although Reward believes that the expectations reflected in these forward-looking statements are reasonable, such statements involve risks and uncertainties, and no assurance can be given that actual results will be consistent with these forward-looking statements.

For a more detailed discussion of such risks and uncertainties, see Reward's other ASX Releases, Presentations and Annual Reports. Readers should not place undue reliance on forward-looking statements. Reward does not undertake any obligation to release publicly any revisions to any forward-looking statement to reflect events or circumstances after the date of this ASX Release, or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events, except as may be required under applicable securities laws.

#### Exploration Results - Competent Persons Statement

The information in this document that relates to Exploration Results, geology and data compilation is based on information compiled by Mr Lorry Hughes, a Competent Person who is a Fellow of The Australasian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy. Mr Hughes is the CEO of the Company, is a full-time employee and holds shares and options in the Company.

Mr Hughes has sufficient experience which is relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposit under consideration and to the activity which he is undertaking to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2012 Edition of the 'Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves'. Mr Hughes consents to the inclusion in this announcement of the matters based on this information in the form and context in which it appears.

#### Metallurgical Results - Competent Persons Statement

The information in this report that relates to Brine metallurgical testwork and Analyses is based on information compiled by Mr Warren Hinchliffe who is a Member of The Australian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy. Mr Hinchliffe is a consultant to Reward Minerals Ltd. Mr Hinchliffe has sufficient experience that is relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposit under consideration and to the activity being undertaken to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2012 Edition of the 'Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves'. Mr Hinchliffe consents to the inclusion in the report of the matters based on the information in the form and context in which it appears.

# Appendix 5B

# Mining exploration entity or oil and gas exploration entity quarterly cash flow report

### Name of entity

REWARD MINERALS LTD				
ABN Quarter ended ("current quarter")				
50 009 173 602	30 June 2025			

Consolidated statement of cash flows		Current quarter \$A'000	Year to date (6 months) \$A'000
1.	Cash flows from operating activities		
1.1	Receipts from customers	-	-
1.2	Payments for		
	(a) exploration & evaluation	(212)	(279)
	(b) development	-	-
	(c) production	-	-
	(d) staff costs	(40)	(86)
	(e) administration and corporate costs	(184)	(332)
1.3	Dividends received (see note 3)	-	-
1.4	Interest received	5	11
1.5	Interest and other costs of finance paid	-	-
1.6	Income taxes paid	-	-
1.7	Government grants and tax incentives – R&D	-	-
1.8	Other – net GST (paid) / refunded	-	214
1.9	Net cash from / (used in) operating activities	(431)	(472)

2.	Са	sh flows from investing activities	
2.1	Pay	ments to acquire or for:	
	(a)	entities – Beyondie Project (terminated)	-
	(b)	tenements	-
	(c)	property, plant and equipment – Beyondie Assets	-
	(d)	exploration & evaluation	-
	(e)	investments	-
	(f)	other non-current assets	-

ASX Listing Rules Appendix 5B (17/07/20)

Con	solidated statement of cash flows	Current quarter \$A'000	Year to date (6 months) \$A'000
2.2	Proceeds from the disposal of:		
	(a) entities	-	-
	(b) tenements	-	-
	(c) property, plant and equipment	-	-
	(d) investments	-	-
	(e) other non-current assets	-	-
2.3	Cash flows from loans to other entities	-	-
2.4	Dividends received (see note 3)	-	-
2.5	Other (provide details if material)	-	-
2.6	Net cash from / (used in) investing activities	-	-

3.	Cash flows from financing activities		
3.1	Proceeds from issues of equity securities (excluding convertible debt securities)	-	-
3.2	Proceeds from issue of convertible debt securities	-	-
3.3	Proceeds from exercise of options	-	-
3.4	Transaction costs related to issues of equity securities or convertible debt securities	-	-
3.5	Proceeds from borrowings	-	-
3.6	Repayment of borrowings	-	-
3.7	Transaction costs related to loans and borrowings	-	-
3.8	Dividends paid	-	-
3.9	Other (provide details if material)	-	-
3.10	Net cash from / (used in) financing activities	-	-

4.	Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents for the period		
4.1	Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	2,169	2,210
4.2	Net cash from / (used in) operating activities (item 1.9 above)	(431)	(472)
4.3	Net cash from / (used in) investing activities (item 2.6 above)	-	-
4.4	Net cash from / (used in) financing activities (item 3.10 above)	-	-

Consolidated statement of cash flows		Current quarter \$A'000	Year to date (6 months) \$A'000
4.5	Effect of movement in exchange rates on cash held	-	-
4.6	Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	1,738	1,738

5.	Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents at the end of the quarter (as shown in the consolidated statement of cash flows) to the related items in the accounts	Current quarter \$A'000	Previous quarter \$A'000
5.1	Bank balances	1,738	2,169
5.2	Call deposits	-	-
5.3	Bank overdrafts	-	-
5.4	Other (provide details)	-	-
5.5	Cash and cash equivalents at end of quarter (should equal item 4.6 above)	1,738	2,169

6.	Payments to related parties of the entity and their associates	Current quarter \$A'000
6.1	Aggregate amount of payments to related parties and their associates included in item 1	17
6.2	Aggregate amount of payments to related parties and their associates included in item 2	-

Note: if any amounts are shown in items 6.1 or 6.2, your quarterly activity report must include a description of, and an explanation for, such payments.

7.	Financing facilities  Note: the term "facility' includes all forms of financing arrangements available to the entity.  Add notes as necessary for an understanding of the sources of finance available to the entity.	Total facility amount at quarter end \$A'000	Amount drawn at quarter end \$A'000
7.1	Loan facilities	5,731	5,731
7.2	Credit standby arrangements	-	-
7.3	Other (please specify)	-	-
7.4	Total financing facilities	5,731	5,731
7.5	Unused financing facilities available at qu	arter end	0

7.6 Include in the box below a description of each facility above, including the lender, interest rate, maturity date and whether it is secured or unsecured. If any additional financing facilities have been entered into or are proposed to be entered into after quarter end, include a note providing details of those facilities as well.

Loan facilities have been provided to the Company by Dr M Ruane, Reward's Executive Director. The loan is unsecured, on reasonable arm's length terms and attracts interest at 7.5% per annum payable quarterly in arrears. The total facility of \$3.6 million is fully drawn down.

On 16 December 2024, additional loan facilities of \$2,130,881 was provided to the Company by Dr M Ruane for the Beyondie asset acquisition. The loan is for a term of 18 months, on reasonable arm's length terms and attracts interest at 7.5% per annum pa. The total facility of \$2.1 million is fully drawn down.

8.	Estimated cash available for future operating activities	\$A'000
8.1	Net cash from / (used in) operating activities (item 1.9)	(431)
8.2	(Payments for exploration & evaluation classified as investing activities) (item 2.1(d))	-
8.3	Total relevant outgoings (item 8.1 + item 8.2)	(431)
8.4	Cash and cash equivalents at quarter end (item 4.6)	1,738
8.5	Unused finance facilities available at quarter end (item 7.5)	-
8.6	Total available funding (item 8.4 + item 8.5)	1,738
8.7	Estimated quarters of funding available (item 8.6 divided by item 8.3)	4.03
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Note: if the entity has reported positive relevant outgoings (ie a net cash inflow) in item 8.3, answer item 8.7 as "N/A". Otherwise, a figure for the estimated quarters of funding available must be included in item 8.7.

8.8 If item 8.7 is less than 2 quarters, please provide answers to the following questions:

8.8.1 Does the entity expect that it will continue to have the current level of net operating cash flows for the time being and, if not, why not?

Answer: N/A

8.8.2 Has the entity taken any steps, or does it propose to take any steps, to raise further cash to fund its operations and, if so, what are those steps and how likely does it believe that they will be successful?

8.8.3 Does the entity expect to be able to continue its operations and to meet its business objectives and, if so, on what basis?

Answer: N/A

Note: where item 8.7 is less than 2 quarters, all of questions 8.8.1, 8.8.2 and 8.8.3 above must be answered.

#### Compliance statement

- This statement has been prepared in accordance with accounting standards and policies which comply with Listing Rule 19.11A.
- 2 This statement gives a true and fair view of the matters disclosed.

Date: 30 July 2025

Authorised by the board (Name of body or officer authorising release – see note 4)

#### Notes

- 1. This quarterly cash flow report and the accompanying activity report provide a basis for informing the market about the entity's activities for the past quarter, how they have been financed and the effect this has had on its cash position. An entity that wishes to disclose additional information over and above the minimum required under the Listing Rules is encouraged to do so.
- If this quarterly cash flow report has been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards, the definitions in, and provisions of, AASB 6: Exploration for and Evaluation of Mineral Resources and AASB 107: Statement of Cash Flows apply to this report. If this quarterly cash flow report has been prepared in accordance with other accounting standards agreed by ASX pursuant to Listing Rule 19.11A, the corresponding equivalent standards apply to this report.
- 3. Dividends received may be classified either as cash flows from operating activities or cash flows from investing activities, depending on the accounting policy of the entity.
- 4. If this report has been authorised for release to the market by your board of directors, you can insert here: "By the board". If it has been authorised for release to the market by a committee of your board of directors, you can insert here: "By the [name of board committee eg Audit and Risk Committee]". If it has been authorised for release to the market by a disclosure committee, you can insert here: "By the Disclosure Committee".
- 5. If this report has been authorised for release to the market by your board of directors and you wish to hold yourself out as complying with recommendation 4.2 of the ASX Corporate Governance Council's *Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations*, the board should have received a declaration from its CEO and CFO that, in their opinion, the financial records of the entity have been properly maintained, that this report complies with the appropriate accounting standards and gives a true and fair view of the cash flows of the entity, and that their opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively.