

31 July 2025

Quarterly Activities Report

for the period ended 30 June 2025

Significant Events

- South Australia's Minister for Planning¹ approves Renascor's development application for its proposed commercial-scale Battery Anode Material (BAM) manufacturing facility by granting a provisional development authorisation.
- Renascor secures option over proposed site for accommodation facility to support both the construction and operational phases of the planned upstream graphite mining and processing operation, completing the final tenure requirement for the BAM project.
- Renascor successfully completes production of graphite concentrate feedstock from the Siviour Graphite Deposit to support Renascor's Australian Government co-funded² PSG demonstration facility, producing graphite concentrate at an average grade of 96.8% Carbon and graphite recovery of 96.5%, exceeding the respective parameters of the Siviour DFS (95.0% Carbon and 95.5% recovery)³.
- SA Power Networks completes capital works program to upgrade the electrical distribution network for the proposed Siviour mine and processing plant, including installing a new 33kV transformer and circuit breakers, augmenting the overhead powerline network and installing new voltage regulators and a new connection point for Siviour.
- Renascor expands Marree project, securing stand-out, drill-ready radiometric anomaly, and advances toward drilling high priority exploration targets at Bulloo Creek. Renascor's activities on the Marree and Bulloo Creek are part of Renascor's strategy to pursue lowcost, high-upside exploration through near term drilling of high priority prospects.
- Renascor's cash position as of 30 June 2025 was approximately A\$105 million.



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Ministerial Approval for Battery Anode Material Facility

During the recently completed quarter, Renascor announced that South Australia's Minister for Planning⁴ has granted provisional development authorisation for Renascor's proposed commercial-scale Battery Anode Material (**BAM**) manufacturing facility in South Australia⁵.

The provisional development authorisation satisfies the primary regulatory requirement to construct and operate a state-of-the-art manufacturing facility to produce up to 100,000 tonnes per annum of Purified Spherical Graphite (**PSG**)⁶ for use in lithium-ion battery anodes.

Discussion

Overview

Renascor's vertically integrated planned BAM operation in South Australia comprises: (i) an upstream graphite mining and processing operation, and (ii) a downstream manufacturing facility in which graphite concentrate will be converted into PSG before being exported to lithium-ion battery anode manufacturers.

Regulatory Approvals

Graphite Mining Operation

Renascor previously obtained its primary approvals for the construction and operation of the mining operation at its proposed mine near Arno Bay, South Australia, following the approval of the Program for Environment Protection and Rehabilitation from the South Australian Department for Energy and Mining⁷.

BAM Manufacturing Facility

Under South Australian legislation, approval for the construction and operation of Renascor's proposed BAM facility in Bolivar, South Australia⁸ was subject to a multi-step impact assessment process for developments considered to be of economic, social or environmental importance.

In December 2022, the South Australian Planning Minister declared that Renascor's proposed BAM facility at Bolivar be assessed as an impact assessment development.

As outlined in Figure 1 (next page), following the impact assessment declaration, the development assessment process required that the project proponent (Renascor) prepare and lodge a development application with the Planning Minister, which then triggered a review process to determine the level of detail required for an Environmental Impact Statement (EIS).



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Battery Anode Material (BAM) facility: Assessment process

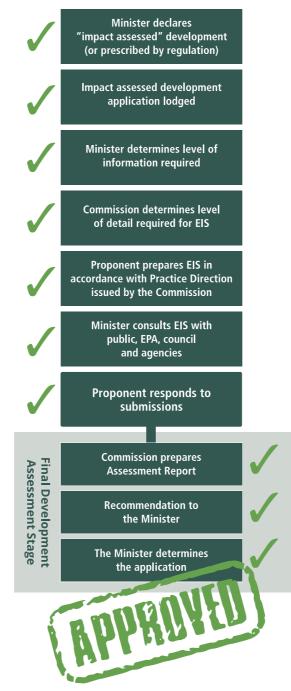


Figure 1. Steps in approval process for Renascor's proposed BAM facility

On 7 March 2023, Renascor lodged a development application for the proposed BAM facility. Renascor's development application included baseline environmental studies regarding the characteristics of the site and detail on the potential impacts of the project.





Following consultation with Council and State government agencies, the State Planning Commission released the assessment requirements for Renascor's EIS on 30 March 2023.

Renascor subsequently prepared an EIS to describe the potential environmental, social and economic impacts of the proposed PSG facility on the project development area and the surrounding community.

Following publication of the EIS in August 2024, Renascor undertook further extensive consultation with community stakeholders and local and State government agencies as part of a public consultation process. The consultation process included face-to-face and targeted meetings, preparation of fact sheets, government briefings, meetings with local and community groups, website updates and solicitation of comments.

Renascor subsequently submitted a Response Document from the public consultation process that responded to feedback from local stakeholders, the Department for Housing and Urban Development and other referred government agencies.

The submission of the Response Document initiated the final stages of South Australia's development assessment process, with the South Australian State Planning Commission, the State's independent, principal planning body, preparing an assessment report and recommendation for the BAM facility for determination by South Australia's Planning Minister.

Ministerial Approval

The Planning Minister⁹ has considered the Planning Commission's assessment report and recommendation, determining that Renascor's EIS meets the standards of South Australia's *Planning, Development and Infrastructure Act 2016* and granting provisional development authorisation for Renascor's proposed commercial-scale BAM manufacturing facility in South Australia.

The Minister's authorisation is conditioned upon approval of the final detailed designs for the BAM facility. These conditions are in line with Renascor's expectations following consultation with the State Planning Commission, the City of Salisbury and State referral agencies and have been incorporated into Renascor's plans for the detailed design and construction stage.

Under South Australian legislation for impact assessed developments, the provisional development authorisation is the primary regulatory requirement for the development of a state-of-the-art manufacturing facility to produce up to 100,000 tonnes per annum of PSG for use in lithium-ion battery anodes.







Siviour Accommodation Site

On 10 July 2025, Renascor announced that it has entered into an Option Agreement to secure land near the Siviour Graphite Deposit, within the Cleve region of South Australia, for a proposed accommodation facility that will support both the construction and operational phases of its planned upstream graphite mining and processing operation¹⁰.

Discussion

The land for the accommodation facility is located in the Cleve Region of South Australia, a regional service hub for the Eyre Peninsula, with established local infrastructure and social amenities, including hospital and pharmacy services, public oval and walking trails, grocery store, banking and post office facilities, hotel and telecommunications, power and water infrastructure. The site is approximately 30 km by road from the Siviour Graphite Deposit.

The site, selected for its proximity to the mine site, existing infrastructure and available services and amenities, will house construction personnel during development of the planned Siviour graphite mine and associated infrastructure and accommodate operations staff once commercial production commences.

The capacity requirements for the accommodation facility have been optimised through the recently completed Early Contractor Involvement (ECI) process and upstream engineering workstreams, providing high confidence in Renascor's ability to provide appropriately sized accommodation for both construction and operational phases of the project.

The Option Agreement completes the final tenure requirement for Renascor's vertically integrated BAM project, completing Renascor's land-access framework and underpinning project execution readiness. It follows the acquisition of the Siviour mine site land¹¹, securing an option to lease a site in Bolivar, South Australia for the full-scale commercial facility¹² and the recent conditional developmental approval of Bolivar site.¹³.

Renascor has secured an option exercisable within the next three years to purchase the site for the accommodation facility from a private company that is active in the agriculture and livestock sectors in the Cleve region of South Australia. Renascor does not consider the consideration potentially payable under the Option Agreement, nor the identity of the counterparty, to be information that a reasonable person would expect to have a material effect on the price or value of Renascor's securities.

Consistent with Renascor's low capital commitment and prudent spend profile, the option structure avoids upfront capital acquisition while providing site security. Under the terms of the Option Agreement, Renascor has immediate access to undertake preliminary investigations without triggering purchase obligations, whilst permitting the continuation of farming operations on the land during the option period.

Next steps

In parallel with finalising the Option Agreement, Renascor has undertaken stakeholder engagement and preliminary site investigations to support a development application for construction of the accommodation facility. Renascor is also advancing design of the accommodation facility in preparation for early procurement activities for modular accommodation units and supporting infrastructure required for timely delivery.







Completion of Bulk Sample for Co-Funded PSG Demonstration Plant

On 25 July 2025 and 31 July 2025, Renascor announced the successful production of graphite concentrate from an approximately 730 tonne bulk sample from the Siviour Graphite Deposit to support Renascor's Australian Government co-funded¹⁴ PGS demonstration facility¹⁵.



Figure 2. Siviour graphite concentrate feedstock from recent bulk sample production

Discussion

In preparation for construction of the PSG demonstration facility, Renascor collected approximately 730 tonnes from its Siviour Graphite Deposit in South Australia in September 2024¹⁶. The ore was collected over locations that Renascor considers to be representative of graphite ore that Renascor will process during the first three years of the planned mining operation at Siviour.

The large-scale sample was subsequently delivered to a commercial graphite facility in China for production of graphite concentrate via conventional flotation utilising the optimised flowsheet that Renascor developed after the completion of the Siviour DFS¹⁷.

Following a winter shutdown after an initial production run¹⁸, processing recommenced in April 2025. Production has now been completed, with Siviour ore grading 8.9% Total Graphitic Carbon producing graphite concentrate at an average grade of 96.8% Carbon and graphite recovery of 96.5%, exceeding the respective parameters of the Siviour DFS (95.0% Carbon and 95.5% recovery)¹⁹.

Next Steps

Graphite concentrate produced from the production runs will be used as feedstock for Renascor's planned PSG demonstration facility in South Australia, with commissioning of the water treatment circuit planned for this quarter and, pending timely delivery of equipment, full-scale commissioning expected to commence next quarter.

Initial deliveries are expected to arrive in South Australia on schedule for planned commissioning.







Long Lead Equipment Installed and Commissioned

On 24 April 2025, Renascor announced the completion by SA Power Networks of a program of works to upgrade the electrical distribution network for Renascor's proposed upstream graphite mining and processing operation²⁰.

Discussion

In 2024, Renascor entered into a connection agreement with SA Power Networks to upgrade the existing electrical distribution network for the proposed Siviour mine and processing plant²¹.

The connection agreement provided for the upgrade of SA Power Networks existing substation in Cleve, located approximately 25km from the proposed Siviour mine and processing plant, with the installation of a new 33kV transformer and circuit breakers.

The connection agreement also provided for upgrades to the existing overhead powerline network between the Cleve substation and Siviour to permit transmission at a line voltage of 33kV.

SA Power Networks has now completed the substation upgrades and the augmentation of the existing overhead powerline network (Figure 3). As a result, the Cleve substation now has the capacity to supply the majority of Renascor's electricity requirements for its planned phase one production at Siviour, with supplementary power to be supplied from solar photovoltaic arrays and on-site diesel generation.

SA Power Networks has successfully tested and commissioned the upgraded substation and overhead powerline.



Figure 3. SA Power Networks' Cleve substation, with recently installed equipment





Exploration

Marree

On 8 July 2025, Renascor announced an expansion of its Marree project, with a farm-in agreement with Vintage Exploration and Mining Pty Ltd (**Vintage**) that secures Renascor up to 90% of a stand-out, drill-ready uranium anomaly²².

Overview

Renascor's Marree project includes two 100%-owned exploration licences (**ELs**), one exploration licence application (**ELA**) and two ELs secured through the Vintage agreement (Renascor earning up to 90%), all located within South Australia's Adelaide Rift Complex region. See Figure 4.

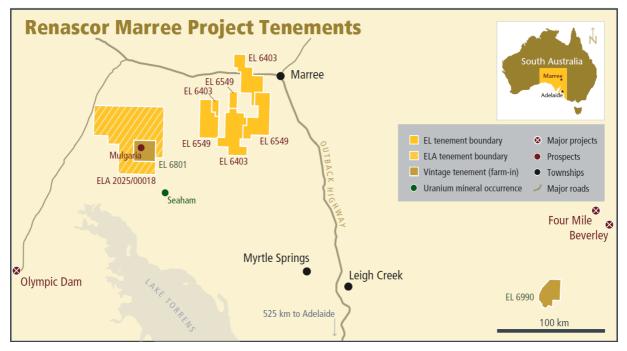


Figure 4. Renascor's Marree project, showing existing tenements and tenements secured through Vintage joint venture, BHP Limited's IOCGU mine, Olympic Dam, and significant uranium deposits at Four Mile and Beverley.

Mulgaria prospect

Renascor has identified prospectivity within the Marree project at the Mulgaria prospect, which includes a large-scale (2km by 1km), stand-out radiometric anomaly that Renascor considers to present drill-ready targets for uranium and copper.

The Mulgaria prospect area comprises EL 6801, which is included in the tenements secured pursuant to the Vintage agreement, and Renascor's 100%-owned ELA 2025/00018. These tenements form a consolidated exploration area of ~700km². See Figure 4.

Radiometric anomaly

The area surrounding and including the Mulgaria prospect was included in the South Australian Department for Energy and Mining's Gawler Craton Airborne Survey, the world's largest high-resolution airborne geophysical and terrain imaging program²³. Survey data





collected from the program has provided new, open-source pre-competitive data, valuable in identifying previously unrecognised exploration opportunities.

Vintage's in-house geophysics experts added significant value to the dataset by completing subsequent reprocessing of radiometrics data captured from the regional survey, which permitted more precise analysis of uranium, thorium and potassium radioactive decay emitted over extensive portions of South Australia's Gawler Craton, with ~195,000km² of new data available for processing.

Within the survey area, the Mulgaria prospect presents as a stand-out uranium radiometric anomaly. Returning values up to an estimated 10 ppm uranium, the anomaly presents a ratio above background response that is approximately five times stronger than the regional response and two to three times stronger than any other relief in the survey area, including the nearby Seaham uranium prospect. See Figure 5.

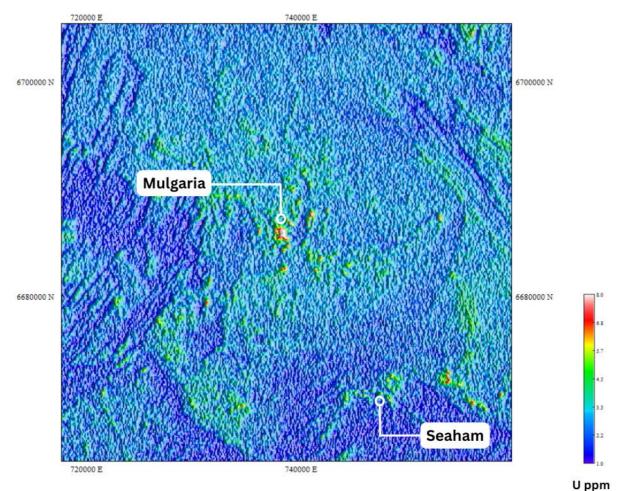


Figure 5. Comparison of the Mulgaria anomalous radiometric response (approximately 2 km by 1 km in size) to nearby Seaham uranium prospect, with Mulgaria presenting as a stand-out uranium channel radiometrics feature, depicted as a white peak where values are above 8ppm uranium (image approximately 1,600km²).



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The Seaham prospect, located ~10km southeast from EL 6801, is an ~8km long, east-west trending zone of Tertiary silcrete, returning values of up to 490ppm $U_3O_8^{24}$. Renascor considers Seaham to provide evidence of a broader system of uranium mineralisation in the area, and, given the comparably stronger radiometric response at Mulgaria, this suggests prospectivity for identifying a substantial project at Mulgaria.

Within the wider survey area, which includes the eastern Gawler Craton region, only BHP's iron-oxide-copper-gold-uranium (**IOCGU**) Olympic Dam deposit has a higher uranium radiometrics profile than Mulgaria. See Figure 6.

In addition, the elevated uranium channel radiometrics at the Mulgaria prospect is associated with low potassium channel radiometrics. Renascor considers this to suggest that the source of uranium is likely not from in-situ sub-crop such as the Wilpena Group (confirmed to return elevated potassium channel response nearby) or other potassium rich sources. This supports a conceptual model involving uranium mobilisation from surrounding host rocks and concentrated reprecipitation in traps.

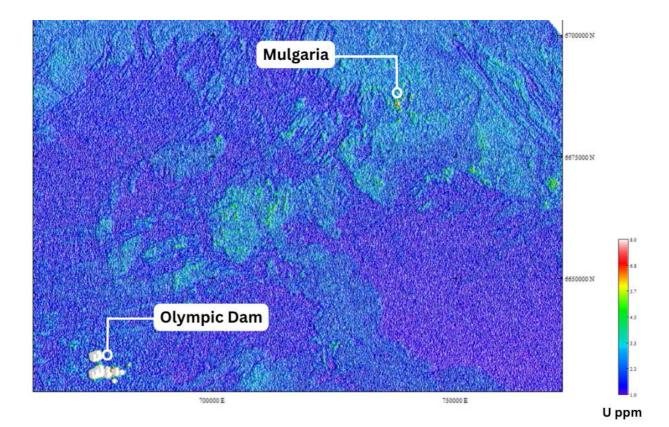


Figure 6. Regional-scale image approximately 100km by 75km (7,500km²) comparing the Mulgaria radiometric response to the Olympic Dam complex, depicted as white peaks where values are above 8ppm uranium.







The Mulgaria radiometrics response covers an area of approximately 2km by 1km and suggests clear, high-ratio differentiation from background radiometric counts at approximately five times background response. By way of comparison, the radiometrics survey response of the Kintyre uranium deposit in Western Australia also returns a uranium radiometrics response approximately five times background levels, also at a similar spatial scale. See Figure 7.

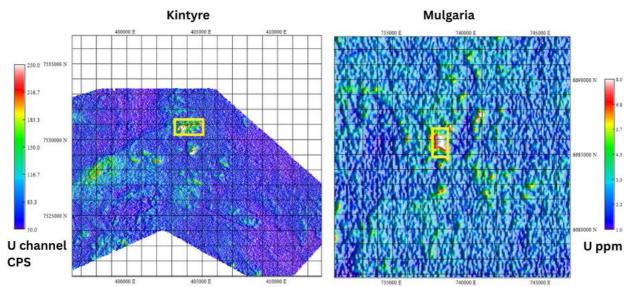


Figure 7. Local-scale (1km by 1km grid) uranium channel radiometrics anomaly imagery comparison between Kintyre (left) and Mulgaria (right). Note that while uranium response intensities are not directly comparable due to instrumentation and survey parameter differences, key variables of response intensity above background (~5:1) and spatial scale of anomaly (~2km by 1km depicted by yellow bounding boxes) are positive prospectivity indicators for Mulgaria.

Kintyre, which contains an indicated mineral resource of 3.9 million tonnes @ 0.62% U_3O_8 , totalling 53.5 million pounds of contained U_3O_8 , was discovered by Rio Tinto Exploration through surface follow-up of a number of localised radiometric anomalies detected by an airborne survey²⁵. Kintyre is an advanced-stage exploration project, following significant drilling and technical and feasibility studies²⁶. The Mulgaria prospect is an early-staged exploration project, with no drill results to date; as a result, Mulgaria's exploration potential is conceptual in nature and it is uncertain if further exploration will result in the delineation of a Mineral Resource.







Next steps

Renascor considers Mulgaria to offer drill-ready targets for near-surface silcrete-calcrete tertiary sediment-hosted uranium. In addition, Renascor considers the prospect area to offer additional opportunities to test Proterozoic basement Zambian Copper Belt-style copperuranium and paleochannel-hosted uranium targets, with anomalous uranium channel responses also conceptually interpreted to extend from the main anomaly, correlating with mapped palaeochannel features.

Renascor has commenced land access negotiations and intends to commence first-stage drilling activities subject to attaining necessary approvals.

Vintage Joint Venture Agreement

Renascor has entered into a Joint Venture Agreement (Agreement) with Vintage concerning EL 6801 and EL 6990²⁷. See Figure 4.

Pursuant to the Agreement, Renascor can earn an initial 51% interest in both EL 6801 and EL6990 by making an upfront payment to Vintage of \$10,000, spending \$400,000 on exploration activities within the tenements and making a final contingent payment to Vintage of \$100,000. Renascor has the option to further increase its interest to 90% by making an additional payment to Vintage of \$1,000,000 within three years of completing the initial 51% earn-in.

Renascor Director Geoff McConachy holds a 25% beneficial interest in the Vintage tenements that will entitle him to consideration as described above. A special sub-committee of Renascor's Board of Directors excluding Mr McConachy reviewed and approved the Vintage transaction.







Bulloo Creek

On 8 July 2025, Renascor announced the commencement of aboriginal heritage clearance surveys at the Bulloo Creek prospect, with drilling of near-surface copper-cobalt-gold prospects scheduled to commence upon completion of clearance and regulatory approvals²⁸.

Overview

Renascor's Bulloo Creek prospect is located within the Olary Project area in South Australia's Curnamona Province (Figure 8).

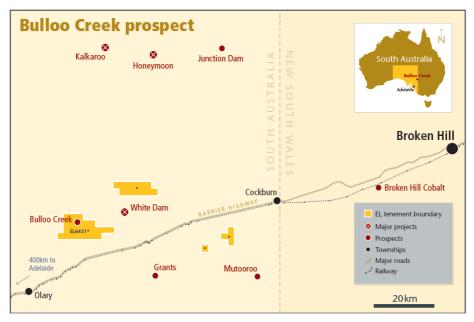


Figure 8. Renascor's Bulloo prospect and Olary Project tenement holdings within the Curnamona Province.

Copper-cobalt-gold prospects

Renascor has identified multiple near-surface copper-cobalt-gold prospects along an extensive magnetic trend of approximately 4km in length.

These prospects include the 'Eastern Anomaly' zone, which hosts three distinct near-surface magnetic bodies (tops of magnetic bodies are modelled to start from as shallow as 56 metres below surface), extending over a strike length of approximately 500 metres²⁹. These magnetic bodies remain closely correlated with anomalous cobalt surface soil geochemistry results of up to 55 ppm Co³⁰. Given the precedents established for copper, cobalt and/or gold to be hosted together in significant resources nearby, Renascor considers that there are multiple indicators to suggest that the Bulloo Creek prospect may also be prospective for copper-cobalt-gold.

An additional modelled magnetic body was also defined in the 'Western Anomaly' zone. This magnetic body was not intersected by drilling previously undertaken in the area.

Renascor has completed refining of drill targets, with priority targets identified within both the eastern and western anomalous zones.

Planned drilling is subject to attaining all necessary clearance and regulatory approvals, with an Aboriginal heritage clearance survey planned for this quarter.





Corporate Events

Share Issue

On 20 June 2025, Renascor issued 38,846 shares to employees on attainment of the vesting conditions associated with previously issued Performance Rights.

Company Secretary

On 19 June 2025, Renascor announced the resignation of Mr Pierre van der Merwe has resigned as Joint Company Secretary. Mr Jon Colquhoun, currently Chief Financial Officer and Joint Company Secretary, remains as Chief Financial Officer and Company Secretary and continues to be responsible under ASX Listing Rule 12.6 for communication with the ASX.

Cash Position

Renascor's cash position as of 30 June 2025 was approximately A\$105 million.

Notes in relation to Appendix 5B

The Company had development asset costs of A\$1.7 million during the quarter relating principally to the BAM project as detailed above.

Payments to related parties and their associates during the recently completed quarter and outlined in Section 6 of Appendix 5B to this quarterly activities report were A\$312k. These payments are related to salaries, superannuation and service and consultancy fees paid to directors and director-related entities during the quarter.

Competent Person's Statements

Exploration Results

The results reported herein, insofar as they relate to exploration activities and exploration results, are based on information provided to and reviewed by Mr G.W. McConachy (Fellow of the Australasian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy) who is a director of the Company. Mr McConachy has sufficient experience relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposits being considered to qualify as a Competent Person as defined by the 2012 Edition of the Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves (the JORC Code, 2012 Edition). Mr McConachy consents to the inclusion in the report of the matters based on the reviewed information in the form and context in which it appears.

Metallurgical Results

The results reported herein, insofar as they relate to metallurgical results, are based on information provided to and reviewed by Mr S. Ballestrin (Chartered Professional and Member of the Australasian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy) who is an employee of the Company. Mr Ballestrin has sufficient experience relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposits being considered, and to the activity being undertaken to qualify as a Competent Person as defined by the 2012 Edition of the Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves (the JORC Code, 2012 Edition). Mr Ballestrin consents to the inclusion in the report of the matters based on the reviewed information in the form and context in which it appears.







Forward-looking statements and new information

This report may contain forward-looking statements. Any forward-looking statements reflect management's current beliefs based on information currently available to management and are based on what management believes to be reasonable assumptions. It should be noted that a number of factors could cause actual results, or expectations to differ materially from the results expressed or implied in the forward-looking statements.

Renascor confirms that it is not aware of any new information or data that materially affects the information included in previous market announcements (as may be cross referenced in this announcement) and that all material assumptions and technical parameters underpinning the Mineral Resource estimates, Ore Reserve estimates, production targets and forecast financial information continue to apply and have not materially changed. Renascor confirms that the form and context in which the Competent Person's findings are presented have not been materially modified from the original market announcement.





This ASX announcement has been approved by Renascor's Board of Directors and authorised for release by Renascor's Managing Director David Christensen.

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Appendix 1

Summary of tenements for quarter ended 30 June 2025

Project Name	Tenement	Area km²	Registered holder/Applicant	District	Company Interest
Flat Hill	EL 6549	283	Renascor	South Australia	100%
Witchelina	EL 6403	316	Renascor	South Australia	100%
Iron Baron	EL 6698	190	Renascor	South Australia	100%
Old Wartaka	EL 6191	6	Renascor	South Australia	100%
Carnding	EL 6687	27	Renascor	South Australia	100%
Malbooma Railway	EL 6585	32	Renascor	South Australia	100%
Gregory Creek	ELA2025/00018	622	Renascor	South Australia	100%
Outalpa	EL 6450	119	Astra Resources Pty Ltd (Astra) *	South Australia	100%*
Cutana	EL 6451	116	Astra*	South Australia	100%*
Malbrom	EL 6197	77	Ausmin Development Pty Ltd (Ausmin) *	South Australia	100%*
Lipson Cove	EL 6423	258	Ausmin*	South Australia	100%*
Verran	EL 6469	671	Ausmin*	South Australia	100%*
Malbrom West	EL 6668	168	Ausmin*	South Australia	100%*
Dutton Bay	EL 6032	31	Ausmin*	South Australia	100%*
Cleve	EL 6879	162	Ausmin*	South Australia	100%*
Hincks	EL 6911	927	Ausmin*	South Australia	100%*
Siviour	ML 6495	16	Ausmin*	South Australia	100%*

(ASX Listing Rule 5.3.3)

* Astra and Ausmin are 100%-owned subsidiaries of Renascor.

⁹ See Note 1.







¹ Under South Australia legislation, the Planning Minister generally approves development applications. For Renascor's development application for the BAM facility, the Planning Minister delegated approval authority to the Minister Consumer and Business Affairs.

² See Renascor ASX announcement dated 11 July 2024.

³ See Renascor ASX announcement dated 8 August 2023.

⁴ See note 1.

⁵ See Renascor ASX announcement dated 13 June 2025.

⁶ See Renascor ASX announcement dated 8 August 2023.

⁷ See Renascor ASX announcement dated 28 November 2022.

⁸ Renascor has an option-to-lease agreement with South Australian Government-owned utility SA Water over a 20 ha site adjacent to SA Water's Bolivar water treatment facility. See Renascor ASX announcement dated 20 September 2022.

 $^{^{\}mbox{\tiny 10}}$ See Renascor ASX Announcement dated 10 July 2025.

¹¹ See Renascor ASX announcement dated 28 November 2023.

¹² See Renascor ASX announcement dated 20 September 2022.

¹³ See Renascor ASX announcement dated 13 June 2025.

¹⁴ See Renascor ASX announcement dated 11 July 2024.

- ¹⁵ See Renascor ASX announcements 25 July 2025 and 30 July 2025.
- ¹⁶ See Renascor ASX announcement dated 23 September 2024.

²⁵ See <u>https://www.camecoaustralia.com/projects/kintyre</u> and <u>https://www.ausimm.com/publications/conference-proceedings/the-</u> second-international-conference-on-prospecting-in-arid-terrain-perth/the-kintyre-uranium-deposit-an-exploration-case-history/. Cameco

Australia is the current owner of Kintyre, after jointly purchasing the deposit with Mitsubishi Development Pty Ltd from Rio Tinto Exploration in 2008 for US\$495 million. See <u>https://world-nuclear.org/information-library/appendices/australia-s-u-deposits-and-prospective-mines</u>. Cameco Australia subsequently acquired Mitsubishi Development Pty Ltd's interest in Kintyre. See

https://www.camecoaustralia.com/projects/kintyre/project-development.

²⁶ See https://www.cameco.com/businesses/uranium-projects/kintyre.

²⁷ EL 6990 is located approximately 30 kilometres south-southwest from the Beverley and Four Mile uranium deposits. It hosts what Renascor interprets to be a similar geological/structural setting on the eastern margin of the Mt Painter block. Renascor considers EL 6990 to offer potential uranium prospectivity based on a roll-front uranium deposit model, directly comparable to the location of the Four Mile West uranium deposit and the Poontana Fault. The Poontana Fault is the main bounding fault to the west of the Beverley Uranium Deposit. ²⁸ See Renascor ASX announcement dated 8 July 2025.

²⁹ See Renascor ASX announcement dated 30 April 2025.

³⁰ See Renascor ASX announcement dated 27 November 2017.





¹⁷ See Renascor ASX announcement dated 8 August 2023, which includes a simplified flowsheet in Figure 17. Note this simplified flowsheet has not changed.

¹⁸ See Renascor ASX announcement dated 31 January 2025.

¹⁹ Recovery is expressed as recovery of total graphitic carbon and average grade is expressed as total carbon. See Renascor ASX announcement dated 8 August 2023, page 18 for recovery and average grade in the 2023 DFS.

²⁰ See Renascor ASX announcement dated 24 April 2024.

²¹ See Renascor ASX announcement dated 29 February 2024.

²² See Renascor ASX announcement dated 8 July 2025.

²³ https://pid.sarig.sa.gov.au/document/2021d029441 .

²⁴ https://drillhole.pir.sa.gov.au/MineralDepositDetails.aspx?DEPOSIT_NO=9717

Appendix 2

About Renascor

Renascor is developing a vertically integrated Battery Anode Material (**BAM**) in South Australia. The BAM project comprises:

- **the Siviour Graphite Deposit** the world's second largest Proven Reserve of Graphite and the largest Graphite Reserve outside of Africa³¹;
- the Graphite Mine and Processing Operation a conventional open-pit mine and crush, grind, float processing circuit delivering world-class operating costs in large part due to the favourable geology and geometry of Renascor's Siviour Graphite Deposit; and
- a Battery Anode Material Production Facility where graphite will be converted to Purified Spherical Graphite (**PSG**) using an eco-friendly processing method before being exported to lithium-ion battery anode manufacturers.



Figure 1. Renascor's Battery Anode Material Project location



The 100% Renascor owned Siviour Graphite deposit is unique in both its near-surface, flat-lying orientation and its scale as one of the world's largest graphite Reserves. The favourable geology and size of the deposit will allow Renascor to produce graphite at a low-cost over a 40-year mine life.

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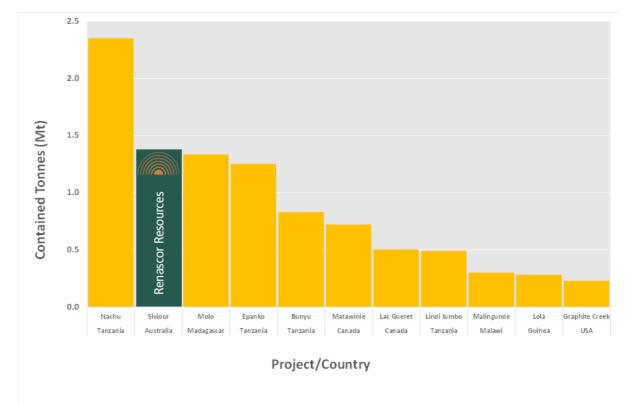


Figure 2. Globally Reported Proven Ore Reserve estimates (September 2023)³²

The BAM project is in the advanced development stage, with Renascor having completed a definitive feasibility study³³ and having received its approval of its Program for Environment Protection and Rehabilitation for the upstream graphite mine and processing operation³⁴ and having also received provisional development authorisation for its downstream Battery Anode Material manufacturing facility.

Renascor is in a strong position to advance the BAM project, with a cash balance of approximately \$105 million (as of 30 June 2025) and a conditionally approved \$185 million loan facility from the Australian Government's \$4 billion Critical Minerals Facility³⁵.





Appendix 3

Peer Comparison Data

				Prove	en Reserv	/e		
Company	Deposit	Country	Total Tonnes (Mt)	Grade (%)	TGC (Mt)	Study Status*	Source	Date
Volt Resources Ltd	Bunyu	Tanzania	19.3	4.3%	0.8	Pre-Feasibility Study	https://announcements.asx.co m.au/asxpdf/20161215/pdf/43 drlhpvdwbhxp.pdf	15 December 2016
Ecograf Ltd	Epanko	Tanzania	5.7	8.4%	0.5	Bankable Feasibility Study	https://announcements.asx.co m.au/asxpdf/20240725/pdf/06 5xhvjr74hlh2.pdf	25 July 2024
Graphite One Inc	Graphite Creek	USA	3.8	6.0%	0.2	Pre-Feasibility Study	https://www.graphiteoneinc.c om/wp- content/uploads/2022/10/JDS- Graphite-One-NI-43-101-PFS- 20221013-compressed.pdf	14 October 2022
Nouveau Monde Graphite	Lac Guéret	Canada	2.0	25.1%	0.5	Technical Feasibility Study	https://masongraphite.com/w <u>p-</u> <u>content/uploads/2021/06/a53</u> <u>b7c 22115be39ccf4d85b9579f</u> 359680997c.pdf	12 December 2018
Walkabout Resources Ltd	Lindi Jumbo	Tanzania	2.5	19.3%	0.5	Definitive Feasibility Study	https://announcements.asx.co m.au/asxpdf/20190228/pdf/44 321stl8dlk5f.pdf	28 February 2019
Falcon Energy Materials plc	Lola	Guinea	6.4	4.4%	0.3	Technical Feasibility Study	https://minedocs.com/25/SRG- Mining-Lola-Project-Update- FS-02272023.pdf	12 April 2023
NGX Ltd	Malingunde	Malawi	3.1	9.5%	0.3	Pre-Feasibility Study	https://announcements.asx.co m.au/asxpdf/20230614/pdf/05 qn89bfgrhwx8.pdf	14 June 2023
Nouveau Monde Graphite	Matawinie	Canada	17.3	4.2%	0.7	Technical Feasibility Study	https://nmg.com/wp- content/uploads/2022/08/Feas ibility-Study-NMGs-Integrated- Phase-2-Projects.pdf	10 August 2022
NextSource Materials Inc	Molo	Madagascar	21.3	6.2%	1.3	Technical Feasibility Study	P9239 Molo Graphite Phase 2 NI43-101 Technical Report (nextsourcematerials.com)	12 December 2023
Magnis Energy Technologies Ltd	Nachu	Tanzania	50.5	4.6%	2.4	Bankable Feasibility Study	https://magnis.com.au/files/N achu-BFS-Update.pdf	27 September 2022

* Denotes the name of the study at the time of the release. The Molo and Lindi Jumbo projects are now in the operations phase, with all other projects being in pre-production phase.

³² Source: public company reports. Does not include graphite deposits that do not publicly report data on main stock exchanges in Australia, Canada, the United Kingdom and the United States. See Appendix 2 for further details on sourcing.

³³ See Renascor ASX announcement dated 8 August 2023.

³⁴ See Renascor ASX announcement dated 28 November 2022.

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³⁵ See Renascor ASX announcement dated 17 April 2024.





³¹ See Renascor ASX announcement dated 21 July 2020.

Appendix 5B

Mining exploration entity or oil and gas exploration entity quarterly cash flow report

Name of entity	
Renascor Resources Limited	
ABN	Quarter ended ("current quarter")
90 135 531 341	30 June 2025

Con	solidated statement of cash flows	Current quarter \$A'000	Year to date (12 months) \$A'000
1.	Cash flows from operating activities		
1.1	Receipts from customers	-	-
1.2	Payments for		
	(a) exploration & evaluation	(29)	(33)
	(b) development	-	-
	(c) production	-	-
	(d) staff costs	(268)	(1,118)
	(e) administration and corporate costs	(198)	(1,506)
1.3	Dividends received (see note 3)	-	-
1.4	Interest received	661	5,166
1.5	Interest and other costs of finance paid	-	-
1.6	Income taxes paid	-	-
1.7	Government grants and tax incentives	-	-
1.8	Other (provide details if material)	-	75
1.9	Net cash from / (used in) operating activities	166	2,584

2.	Cash flows from investing activities		
2.1	Payments to acquire or for:		
	(a) entities	-	
	(b) tenements	-	
	(c) property, plant and equipment	-	
	(d) exploration & evaluation	(34)	
	(e) investments	-	
	(f) other non-current assets	(1,717)	

Con	solidated statement of cash flows	Current quarter \$A'000	Year to date (12 months) \$A'000
2.2	Proceeds from the disposal of:		
	(a) entities	-	-
	(b) tenements	-	-
	(c) property, plant and equipment	-	-
	(d) investments	-	-
	(e) other non-current assets	-	-
2.3	Cash flows from loans to other entities	-	-
2.4	Dividends received (see note 3)	-	-
2.5	Other (provide details if material)		
	(a) government grants	-	2,250
	(b) other	(115)	(115)
2.6	Net cash from / (used in) investing activities	(1,866)	(7,060)

3.	Cash flows from financing activities		
3.1	Proceeds from issues of equity securities (excluding convertible debt securities)	-	-
3.2	Proceeds from issue of convertible debt securities	-	-
3.3	Proceeds from exercise of options	-	-
3.4	Transaction costs related to issues of equity securities or convertible debt securities	(1)	(2)
3.5	Proceeds from borrowings	-	-
3.6	Repayment of borrowings	-	-
3.7	Transaction costs related to loans and borrowings	-	-
3.8	Dividends paid	-	-
3.9	Other (provide details if material)	(153)	(153)
3.10	Net cash from / (used in) financing activities	(154)	(155)

4.	Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents for the period		
4.1	Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	107,245	110,022
4.2	Net cash from / (used in) operating activities (item 1.9 above)	166	2,584
4.3	Net cash from / (used in) investing activities (item 2.6 above)	(1,866)	(7,060)

Con	solidated statement of cash flows	Current quarter \$A'000	Year to date (12 months) \$A'000
4.4	Net cash from / (used in) financing activities (item 3.10 above)	(154)	(155)
4.5	Effect of movement in exchange rates on cash held	-	-
4.6	Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	105,391	105,391

5.	Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents at the end of the quarter (as shown in the consolidated statement of cash flows) to the related items in the accounts	Current quarter \$A'000	Previous quarter \$A'000
5.1	Bank balances	5,391	3,620
5.2	Call deposits	100,000	103,625
5.3	Bank overdrafts	-	-
5.4	Other (provide details)	-	-
5.5	Cash and cash equivalents at end of quarter (should equal item 4.6 above)	105,391	107,245

6.	Payments to related parties of the entity and their associates	Current quarter \$A'000
6.1	Aggregate amount of payments to related parties and their associates included in item 1	165
6.2	Aggregate amount of payments to related parties and their associates included in item 2	147
	f any amounts are shown in items 6.1 or 6.2, your quarterly activity report must include ation for, such payments.	a description of, and an

7.	Financing facilities Note: the term "facility' includes all forms of financing arrangements available to the entity. Add notes as necessary for an understanding of the sources of finance available to the entity.	Total facility amount at quarter end \$A'000	Amount drawn at quarter end \$A'000		
7.1	Loan facilities	-	-		
7.2	Credit standby arrangements	-	-		
7.3	Other (please specify)	-	-		
7.4	Total financing facilities	-	-		
7.5	Unused financing facilities available at qu	arter end	-		
7.6	Include in the box below a description of each facility above, including the lender, interest rate, maturity date and whether it is secured or unsecured. If any additional financing facilities have been entered into or are proposed to be entered into after quarter end, include a note providing details of those facilities as well.				

8.	Estim	nated cash available for future operating activities	\$A'000	
8.1	Net cash from / (used in) operating activities (item 1.9)		166	
8.2	(Payments for exploration & evaluation classified as investing activities) (item 2.1(d))		(34)	
8.3	Total r	elevant outgoings (item 8.1 + item 8.2)	132	
8.4	Cash a	and cash equivalents at quarter end (item 4.6)	105,391	
8.5	Unuse	d finance facilities available at quarter end (item 7.5)	-	
8.6	Total a	available funding (item 8.4 + item 8.5)	105,391	
8.7	Estimated quarters of funding available (item 8.6 divided by item 8.3)		N/A	
	Note: if the entity has reported positive relevant outgoings (ie a net cash inflow) in item 8.3, answer item 8.7 as "N/A". Otherwise, a figure for the estimated quarters of funding available must be included in item 8.7.			
8.8	If item 8.7 is less than 2 quarters, please provide answers to the following questions:			
	8.8.1	Does the entity expect that it will continue to have the current l cash flows for the time being and, if not, why not?	level of net operating	
	Answer: N/A			
	8.8.2 Has the entity taken any steps, or does it propose to take any steps, to raise further cash to fund its operations and, if so, what are those steps and how likely does it believe that they will be successful?			
	Answer: N/A			

8.8.3	Does the entity expect to be able to continue its operations and to meet its business	
	objectives and, if so, on what basis?	

Answer: N/A

Note: where item 8.7 is less than 2 quarters, all of questions 8.8.1, 8.8.2 and 8.8.3 above must be answered.

Compliance statement

- 1 This statement has been prepared in accordance with accounting standards and policies which comply with Listing Rule 19.11A.
- 2 This statement gives a true and fair view of the matters disclosed.

Date: 31 July 2025

Authorised by: The Board of Directors of Renascor Resources Limited (Name of body or officer authorising release – see note 4)

Notes

- This quarterly cash flow report and the accompanying activity report provide a basis for informing the market about the entity's activities for the past quarter, how they have been financed and the effect this has had on its cash position. An entity that wishes to disclose additional information over and above the minimum required under the Listing Rules is encouraged to do so.
- 2. If this quarterly cash flow report has been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards, the definitions in, and provisions of, AASB 6: Exploration for and Evaluation of Mineral Resources and AASB 107: Statement of Cash Flows apply to this report. If this quarterly cash flow report has been prepared in accordance with other accounting standards agreed by ASX pursuant to Listing Rule 19.11A, the corresponding equivalent standards apply to this report.
- 3. Dividends received may be classified either as cash flows from operating activities or cash flows from investing activities, depending on the accounting policy of the entity.
- 4. If this report has been authorised for release to the market by your board of directors, you can insert here: "By the board". If it has been authorised for release to the market by a committee of your board of directors, you can insert here: "By the [name of board committee – eg Audit and Risk Committee]". If it has been authorised for release to the market by a disclosure committee, you can insert here: "By the Disclosure Committee".
- 5. If this report has been authorised for release to the market by your board of directors and you wish to hold yourself out as complying with recommendation 4.2 of the ASX Corporate Governance Council's Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations, the board should have received a declaration from its CEO and CFO that, in their opinion, the financial records of the entity have been properly maintained, that this report complies with the appropriate accounting standards and gives a true and fair view of the cash flows of the entity, and that their opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively.